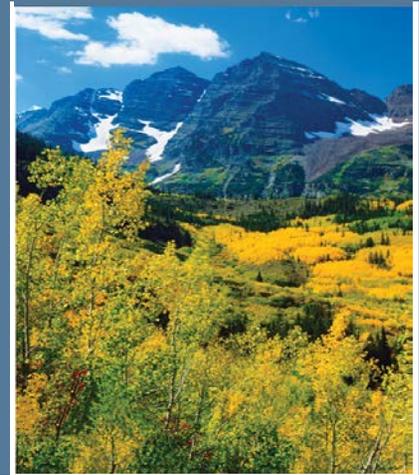


THE *Colorado* ECONOMIC DATABOOK

*A summary of regional economic indicators
for the state of Colorado*



SEPTEMBER 21, 2016

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of KANSAS CITY

SUMMARY OF CURRENT COLORADO ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

In Colorado, the unemployment rate was 3.8 percent in August, and total payroll employment grew 2.8 percent compared to the previous year. Employment growth was broad based across industries, with the strongest gains in the construction and leisure and hospitality sectors. Colorado nominal personal income grew 4.3 percent in the first quarter of 2016 compared to the previous year, with workplace earnings up 4.1 percent. Home prices increased 10.2 percent in the second quarter of 2016 compared to a year ago, while single-family and multifamily permits recorded a 7.8 and 34.6 percent change, respectively, so far this year. In June 2016, crude oil production was down 11.7 percent over last year, and rig counts were well below year-ago levels. Colorado exports were 11.7 percent lower in the second quarter of 2016 compared to the same period in 2015.

This databook provides current economic indicators to help monitor trends and allow comparison of past information. These indicators include: employment; employment by industry; county and state unemployment; personal income; home prices; housing indicators; manufacturing activity; oil, gas and coal production; and exports. These indicators can be found on the following pages.



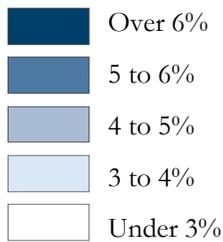
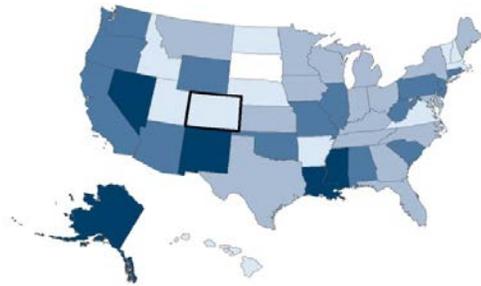
Alison Felix is Vice President and Denver Branch Executive. In this role, Felix is the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City's regional economist and lead officer in Colorado, Wyoming and northern New Mexico. She is responsible for briefing the Kansas City Fed's President on the economy in these states and the Tenth District.

Unemployment Rates

Seasonally Adjusted

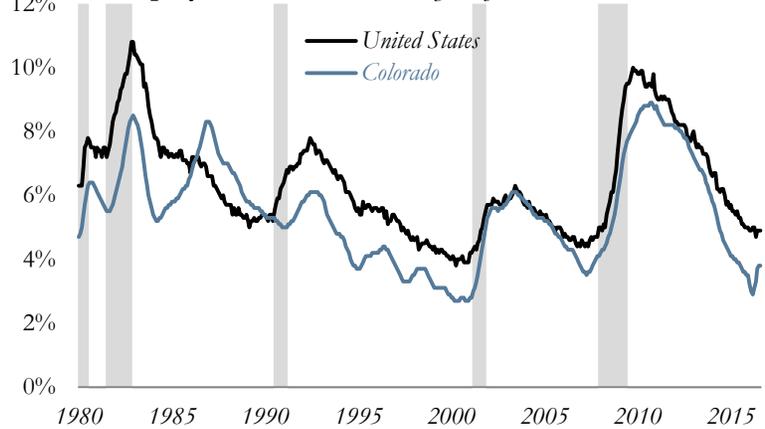
August 2016 Unemployment Rates

Seasonally Adjusted



August 2016		
	United States	Colorado
Unemployment Rate	4.9%	3.8%
Unemployment Rate, Last Year	5.1%	3.7%

Unemployment Rates, Seasonally Adjusted



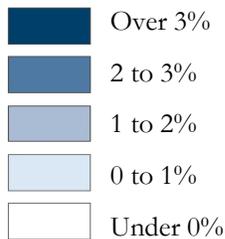
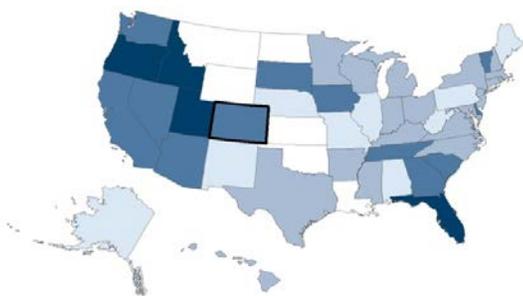
Note: Gray bars indicate recession.

Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted

August 2016 Payroll Employment

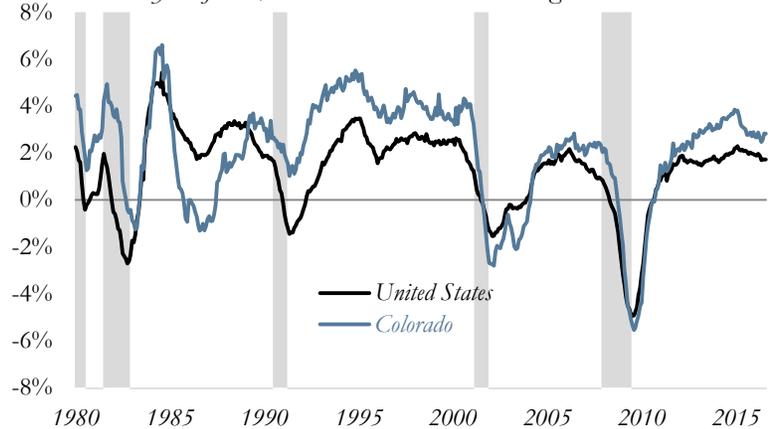
Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



August 2016		
	United States	Colorado
Jobs (Thousands)	144,598.0	2,617.8
Change from Last Year	1.7%	2.8%

Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



Note: Gray bars indicate recession.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

July 2016 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force
Seasonally Adjusted



		<i>Percent Unemployed</i>	<i>Labor Force (Thousands)</i>			<i>Percent Unemployed</i>	<i>Labor Force (Thousands)</i>
	United States	4.9%	159,287.0	25	Morgan	3.9	14.8
	Colorado	3.8	2,893.9	26	Adams	3.8	253.9
1	Huerfano	7.3	2.5	27	Prowers	3.7	6.0
2	Costilla	5.9	1.7	28	San Miguel	3.7	5.2
3	Mesa	5.9	72.7	29	Pitkin	3.7	10.6
4	Las Animas	5.8	6.1	30	Weld	3.6	151.6
5	Fremont	5.7	14.9	31	Clear Creek	3.5	5.7
6	Rio Grande	5.7	5.1	32	Denver	3.4	382.8
7	Montezuma	5.6	12.1	33	Arapahoe	3.4	343.1
8	Pueblo	5.4	73.2	34	Custer	3.4	2.0
9	Delta	5.4	13.6	35	Broomfield	3.3	35.7
10	Rio Blanco	5.4	2.7	36	Bent	3.3	1.8
11	Conejos	5.3	3.9	37	Logan	3.3	11.1
12	Otero	5.2	8.3	38	La Plata	3.3	30.1
13	Dolores	5.2	1.0	39	Jefferson	3.2	319.3
14	Saguache	5.1	3.3	40	Jackson	3.1	0.9
15	San Juan	5.0	0.5	41	Chaffee	3.1	8.8
16	Montrose	4.6	20.0	42	Park	3.1	9.7
17	Ouray	4.5	2.2	43	Larimer	3.0	184.8
18	Alamosa	4.5	7.8	44	Routt	3.0	14.5
19	Crowley	4.3	1.4	45	Eagle	3.0	33.8
20	Moffat	4.3	7.1	46	Cheyenne	3.0	1.1
21	Teller	4.2	11.7	47	Lincoln	3.0	2.3
22	El Paso	4.1	311.6	48	Lake	2.9	4.6
23	Garfield	4.1	30.2	49	Douglas	2.9	176.1
24	Archuleta	3.9	6.4	50	Gilpin	2.9	3.6

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

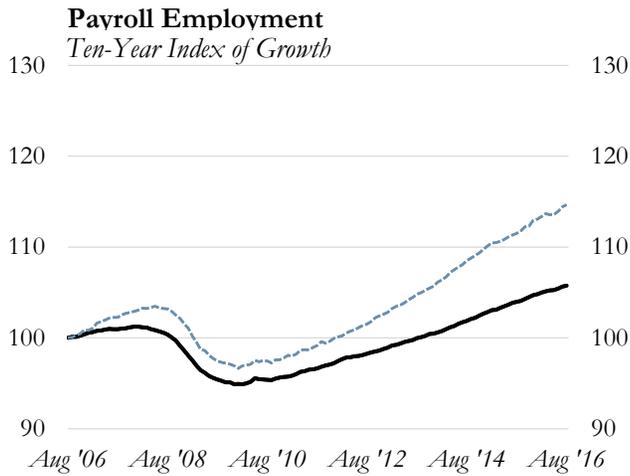
July 2016 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force
Seasonally Adjusted

		<i>Percent Unemployed</i>	<i>Labor Force (Thousands)</i>			<i>Percent Unemployed</i>	<i>Labor Force (Thousands)</i>
51	Grand	2.9	9.3	58	Sedgwick	2.4	1.2
52	Boulder	2.9	181.0	59	Yuma	2.3	5.5
53	Elbert	2.9	13.7	60	Summit	2.2	21.3
54	Hinsdale	2.8	0.4	61	Washington	2.1	2.9
55	Mineral	2.8	0.5	62	Kiowa	2.1	0.8
56	Gunnison	2.6	10.2	63	Kit Carson	2.1	4.7
57	Phillips	2.4	2.5	64	Baca	2.0	2.1

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted



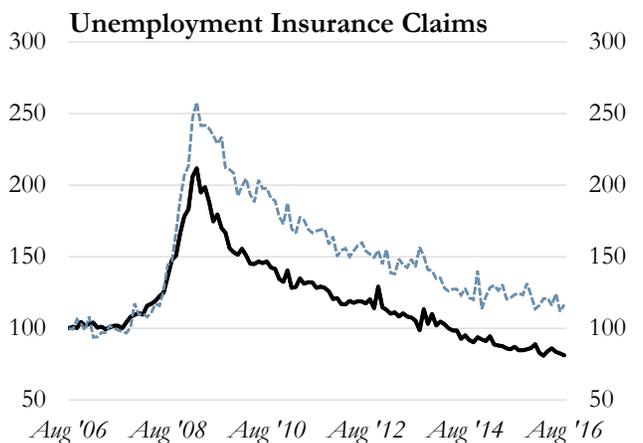
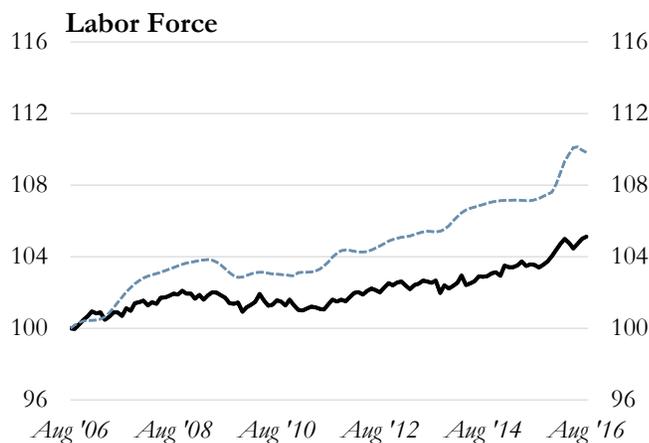
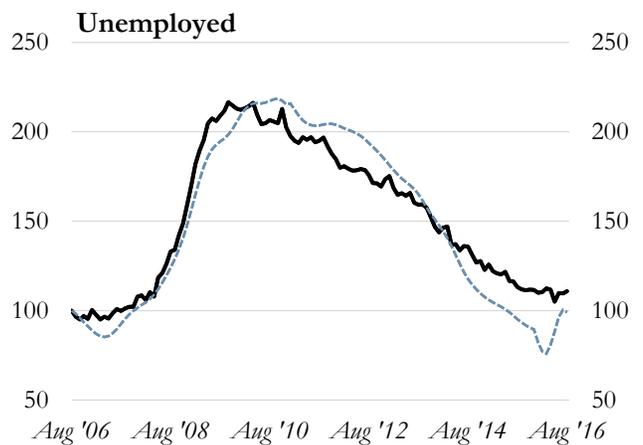
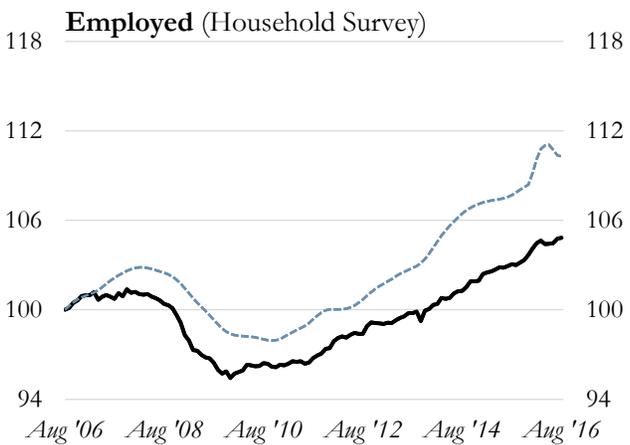
— United States

- - - Colorado

August 2016		
	United States	Colorado
Jobs (Thousands)	144,598.0	2,617.8
Change from Last Year (Thousands)	2,447.0	71.6
Share of U.S. Employment		1.8%

Labor Force Dynamics

Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted

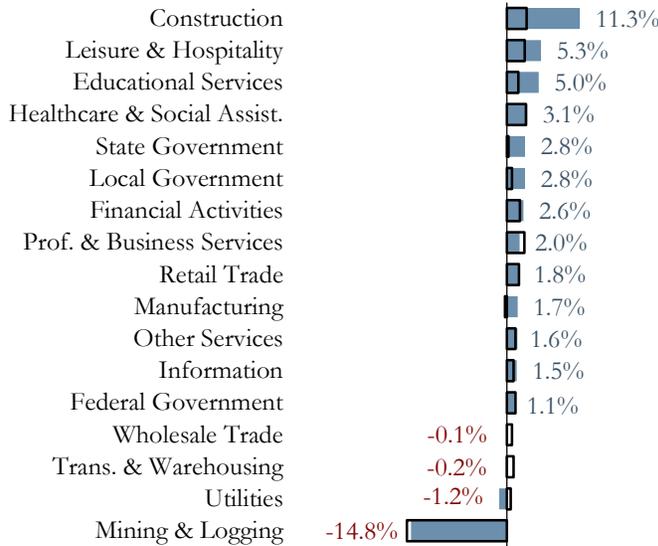


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics & Department of Labor/Haver Analytics

Payroll Employment by Industry

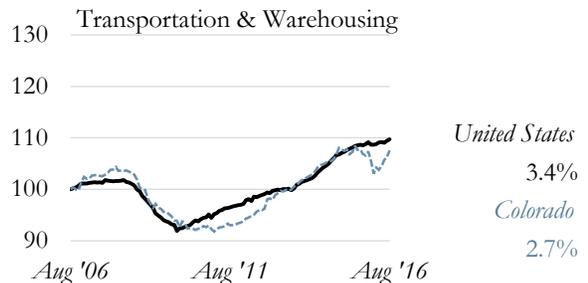
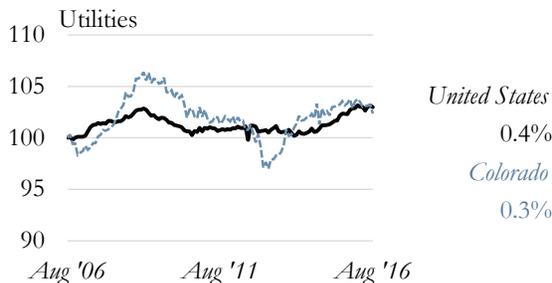
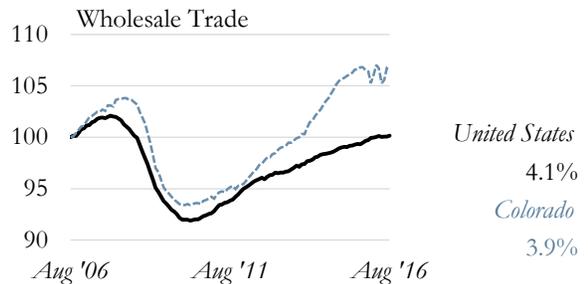
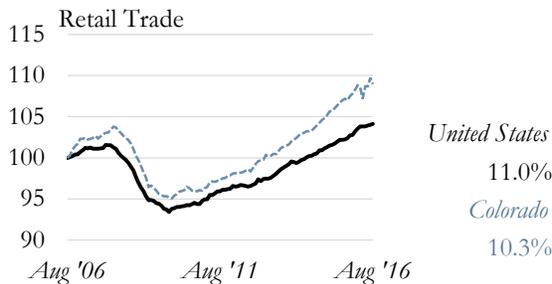
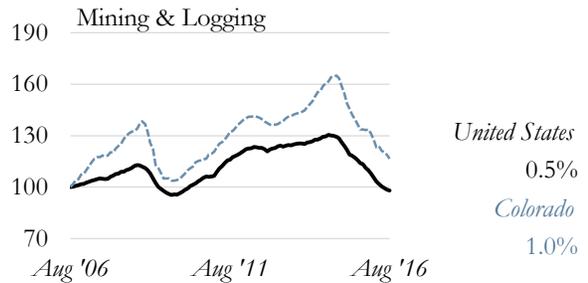
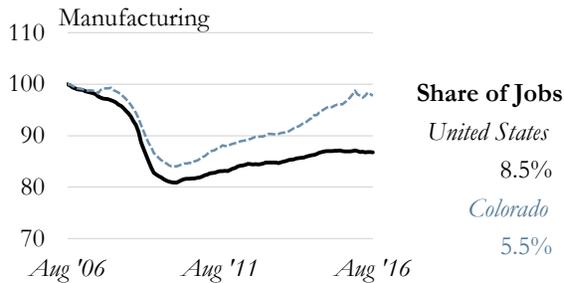
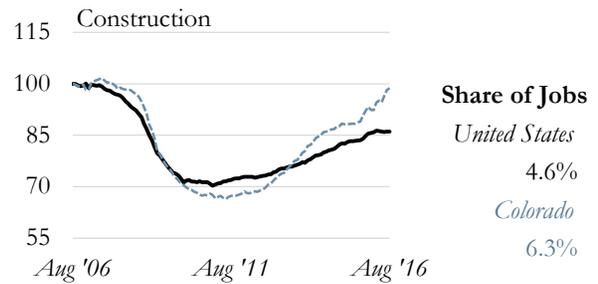
Seasonally Adjusted

August 2016 *Percent Change Year-over-Year*



— United States
- - - Colorado

Ten-Year Index of Growth

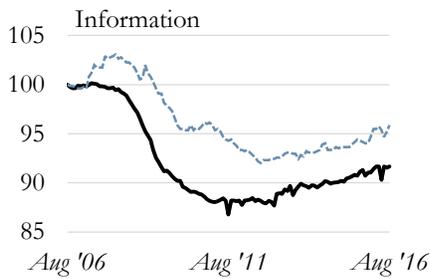


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

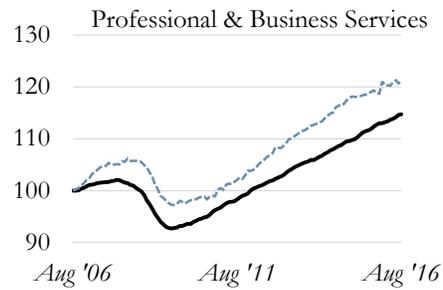
Payroll Employment by Industry

Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted

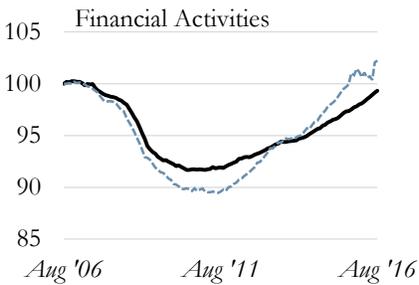
— United States
- - - Colorado



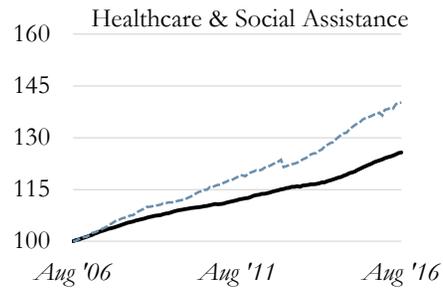
Share of Jobs
United States
1.9%
Colorado
2.8%



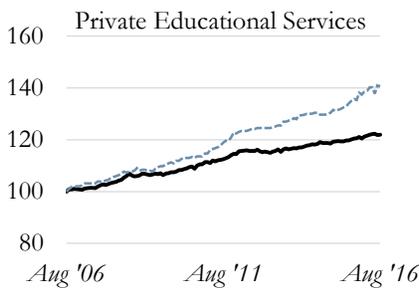
Share of Jobs
United States
14.0%
Colorado
15.5%



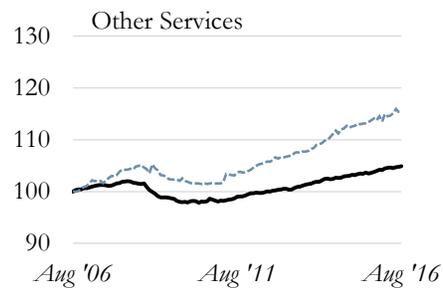
Share of Jobs
United States
5.8%
Colorado
6.3%



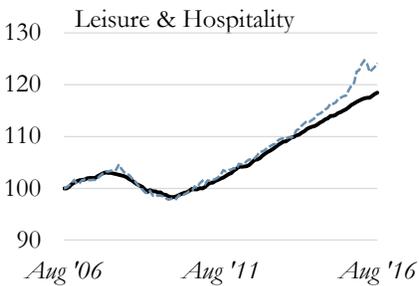
Share of Jobs
United States
13.3%
Colorado
10.9%



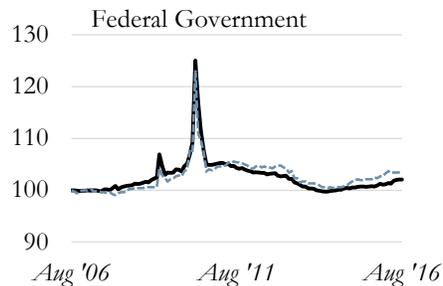
Share of Jobs
United States
2.4%
Colorado
1.5%



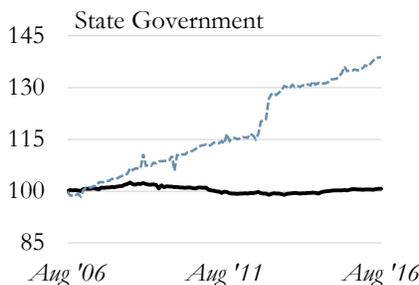
Share of Jobs
United States
3.9%
Colorado
4.0%



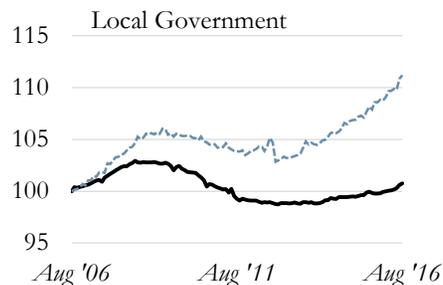
Share of Jobs
United States
10.8%
Colorado
12.6%



Share of Jobs
United States
1.9%
Colorado
2.1%



Share of Jobs
United States
3.5%
Colorado
4.4%

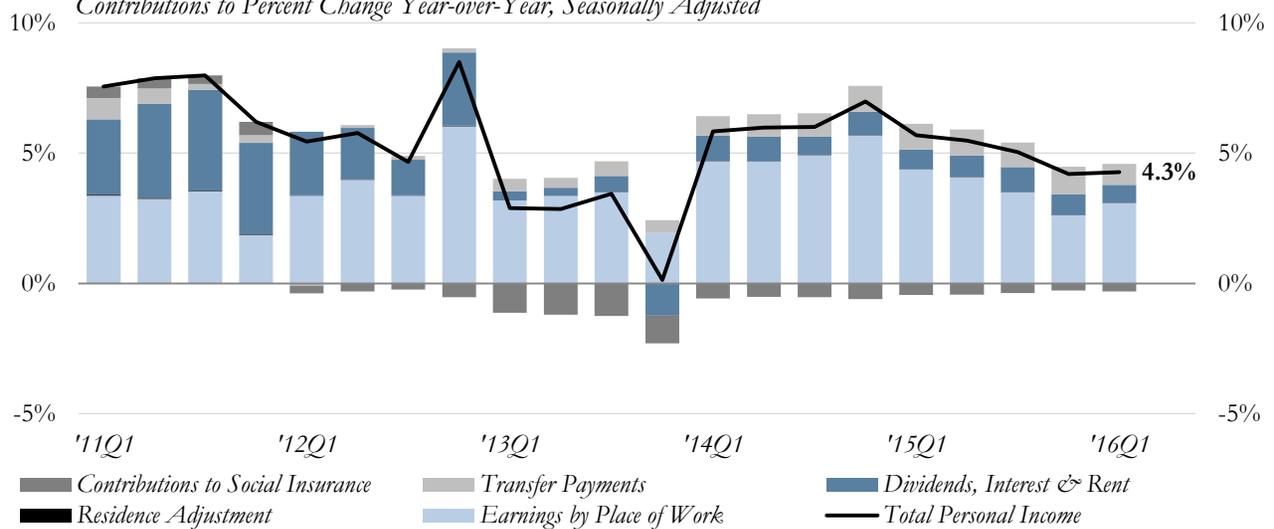


Share of Jobs
United States
9.9%
Colorado
9.9%

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

Colorado Nominal Personal Income Growth

Contributions to Percent Change Year-over-Year, Seasonally Adjusted

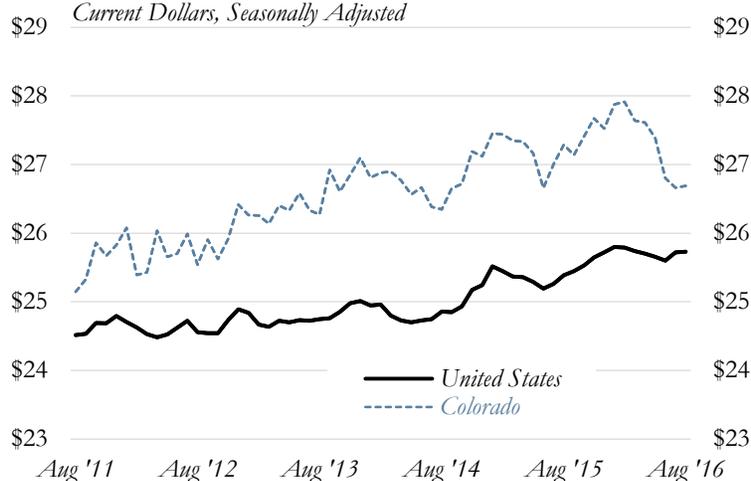


2016Q1	Percent Change Year-over-Year		Share of Personal Income	
	United States	Colorado	United States	Colorado
Total Personal Income	3.6%	4.3%		
Earnings by Place of Work	4.1%	4.1%	71.8%	74.4%
Social Insurance Contributions*	-3.9%	-3.9%	-7.8%	-7.9%
Residence Adjustment		2.1%		0.2%
Dividends, Interest & Rent	1.8%	3.5%	18.6%	19.8%
Transfer Payments	4.0%	6.1%	17.4%	13.5%

*Subtracted from personal income.

Real Average Hourly Wage

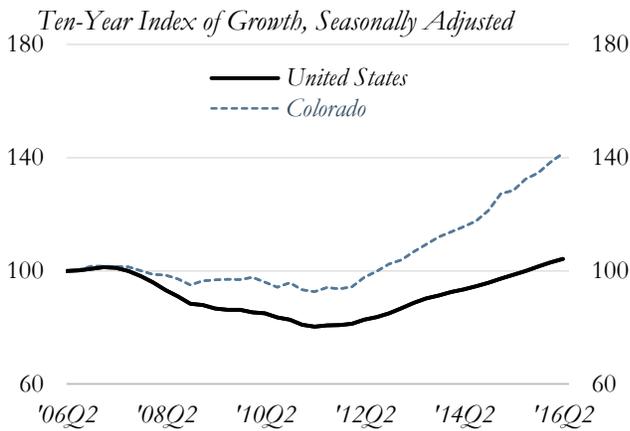
Current Dollars, Seasonally Adjusted



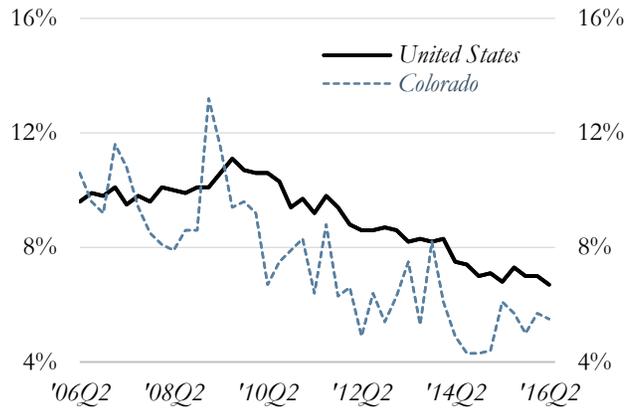
August 2016		
Average Hourly Wage	United States	Colorado
	\$25.73	\$26.69
<i>Real Change from</i>		
Last Month	0.0%	0.1%
Last Year	1.3%	-2.2%

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis & Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

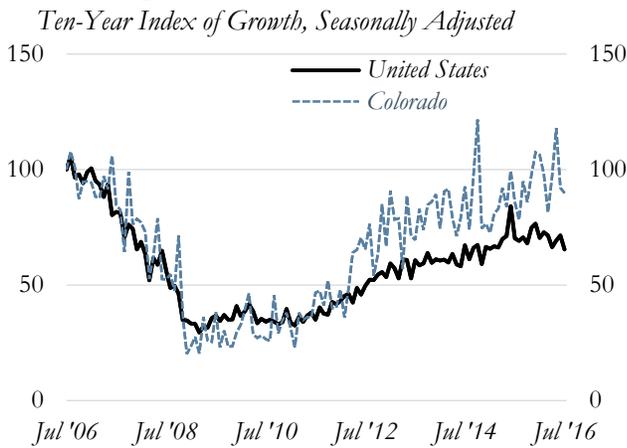
FHFA Purchase-Only Home Price Index



Rental Vacancy Rates



Housing Permits

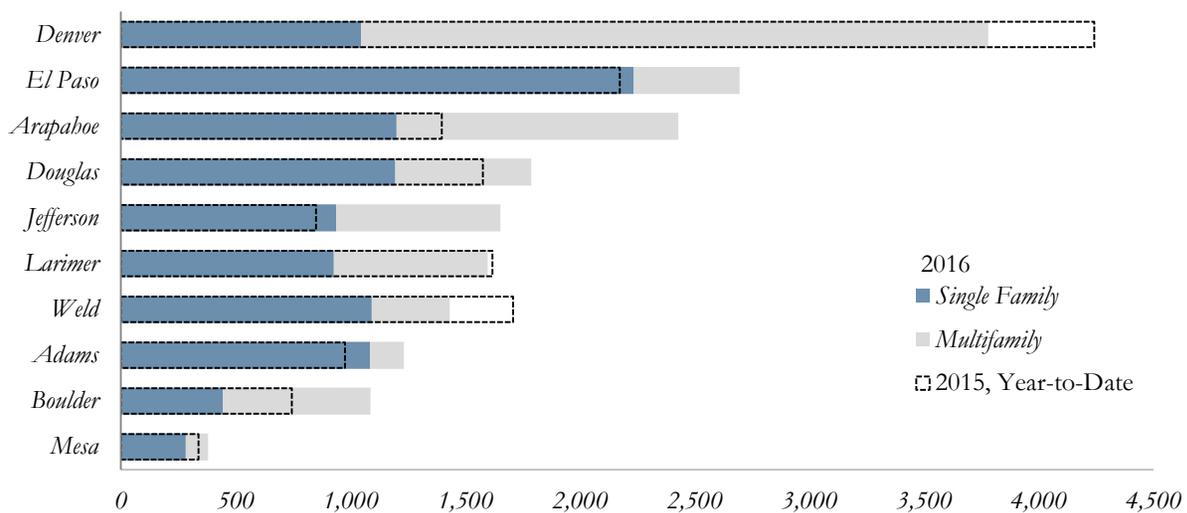


Summary Statistics		
	United States	Colorado
Prices (2016Q2)*	5.6%	10.2%
Vacancy Rates (2016Q2)	6.7%	5.5%
Permits (Year-to-Date)*		
<i>Single Family</i>	7.6%	7.8%
<i>Multifamily</i>	-14.6%	34.6%

*Percent change year-over-year.

Top 10 Colorado Counties for Permit Activity

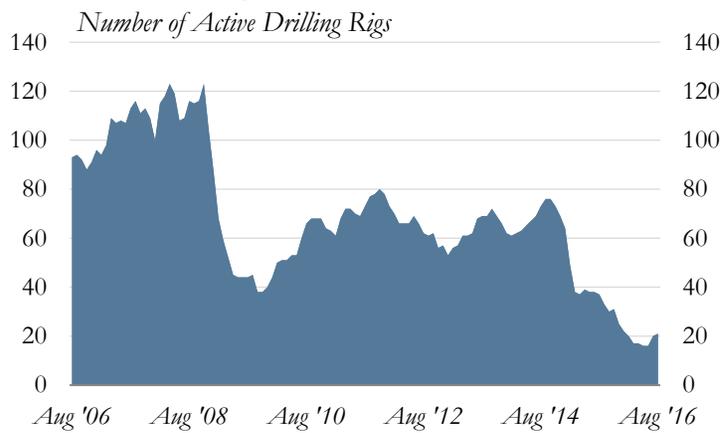
Year-to-Date through July



Source: Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) & Census Bureau/Haver Analytics

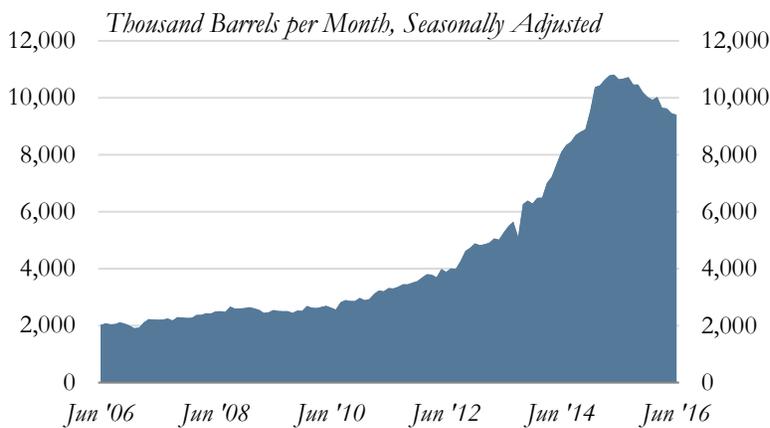
Colorado Energy Activity

Oil & Gas Rig Counts



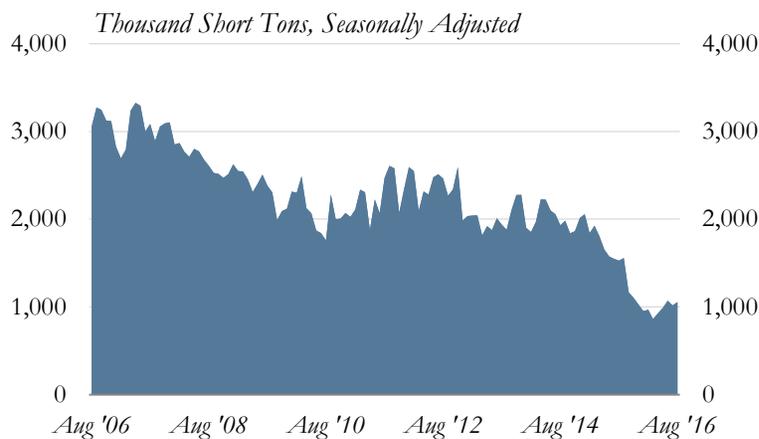
August 2016		
	United States	Colorado
Rig Count	481	21
<i>Change from</i>		
Last Month	32	1
Last Year	-402	-16
Share of U.S. Activity		4.4%

Crude Oil Production



June 2016		
	United States	Colorado
Production	268,318	9,404
<i>Change from</i>		
Last Month	-1.1%	-0.6%
Last Year	-6.7%	-11.7%
Share of U.S. Activity		3.5%

Coal Production

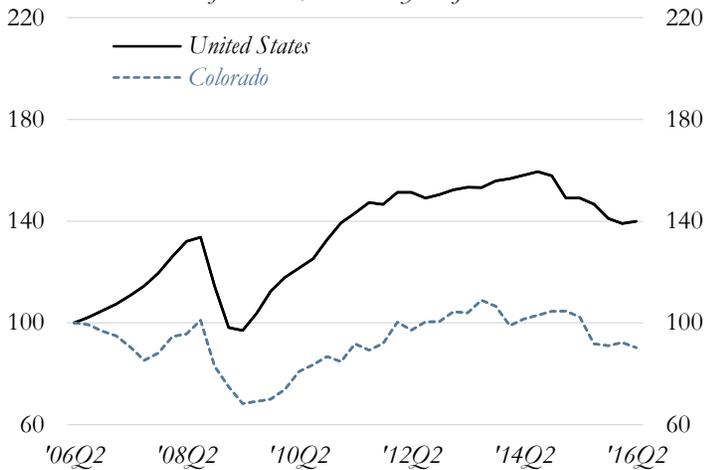


August 2016		
	United States	Colorado
Production	64,704	1,056
<i>Change from</i>		
Last Month	2.1%	3.8%
Last Year	-14.1%	-30.9%
Share of U.S. Activity		1.6%

Source: Baker Hughes & Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration/Haver Analytics

Global Exports

Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted

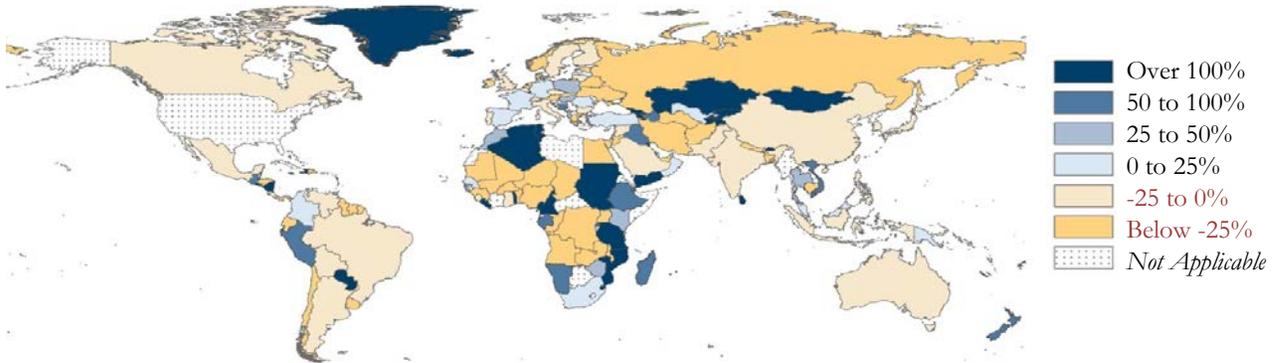


2016Q2		
	United States	Colorado
Exports (Millions)	\$359,244.8	\$1,850.0
<i>Change from</i>		
Last Quarter	0.6%	-2.2%
Last Year (year-to-date)	-6.4%	-11.7%
Share of U.S. Activity		0.5%

2015		
<i>Exports as a</i>	United States	Colorado
<i>Percent of GDP</i>	8.3%	2.5%

Colorado Exports Year-to-Date through 2016Q2

Percent Change Year-over-Year



Top Markets	Share
1 Canada	17.7%
2 Mexico	13.4
3 China*	13.2
4 Japan	6.1
5 Malaysia	5.2
6 South Korea	4.8
7 Germany	3.8
8 Switzerland	3.1
9 United Kingdom	3.1
10 Netherlands	2.7

Top Exports	Share
1 Computers & Electronics	26.8%
2 Food	17.4
3 Machinery (except Electrical)	11.5
4 Chemicals & Rare Earth Metals	10.0
5 Misc. Manufactures	6.7
6 Transportation Equip.	5.2
7 Fabricated Metal Products	4.3
8 Electronic Equip. & Appliances	3.5
9 Plastics & Rubber Products	2.3
10 Primary Metals	2.0

*Includes Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Macao.

Source: Census Bureau, WISERTrade & Bureau of Economic Analysis/Haver Analytics

Pages 2 - 4: County unemployment rates typically lag state data releases by one month. Gray bars show recessionary periods as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The "official" and most commonly reported unemployment rate is calculated as the number of unemployed workers divided by the total civilian labor force. These data are reported from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Population Survey, or commonly called the "Household" survey.

Pages 2 and 5: Nonfarm employment data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Employment Survey are commonly called "Payroll" employment data. Estimates from this survey are revised throughout the year and a major revision or "benchmark" of the data occurs in March of each year. "Payroll" and "Household" surveys are released monthly, providing the most current estimates of employment published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Because methodologies differ between surveys, employment estimates also differ. For more information, visit:

http://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/ces_cps_trends.pdf

Initial claims show monthly applications for initial claims for state unemployment insurance benefits.

Pages 6 and 7: Payroll employment by industry is shown for each of the major two-digit North American Industrial Classification System industries.

Page 8: Personal income provides a measure of all income received by residents of a given geographic area. Data shown are in nominal terms (not adjusted for inflation). Transfer payments include social benefits such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. Contributions to social insurance are subtracted from personal income. These contributions include taxes paid by businesses and employees that support social insurance programs such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. The residence adjustment adds income received outside of a recipient's state of residence and makes a corresponding subtraction from the area where this income was earned or received. Real average hourly wages are calculated as total earnings divided by total employment for a given geographic area. Data are adjusted for inflation using the consumer price index for all urban areas (CPI-U) and are indexed to the most current month of data.

Page 9: Home price indices estimate regional growth in home values based on repeat sales data for detached single family residential properties. Monthly single and multifamily housing permits data are not revised, and therefore, may not sum to published year-end totals.

Page 10: The active rig count is the number of rigs actively exploring for or developing oil or natural gas. Rig counts provide an indicator of new drilling activity and potential for expanded crude oil or natural gas production. Coal production is shown as production during a given month.

Page 11: Exports measure the total physical movement of a given product from the United States to a foreign country.

Data Revisions

Most data are revised periodically to correct for errors and incorporate additional information as it becomes available. Data shown in this report are subject to change.

Seasonal Adjustments

Most data are seasonally adjusted to remove variance caused by seasonal fluctuations in economic activity. Data in this report show the seasonal adjustments of data publishers where available. In other cases, Census X-12 adjustments were applied.

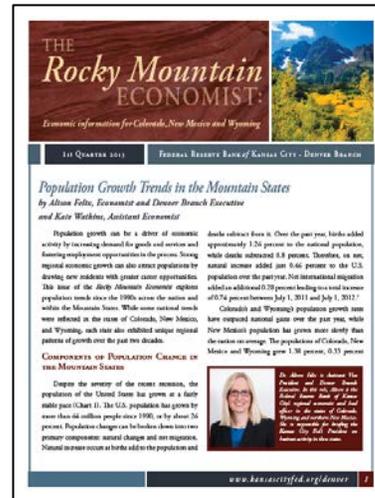
Regional Economic Analysis

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For regional economic analysis on the state of Colorado, read the latest issues of *The Rocky Mountain Economist*.

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