



## Research Working Papers

# The Passthrough of Agricultural Commodity Prices to Food Prices

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Agricultural commodities prices have had a small and uncertain effect on changes in food prices at least since 2008.

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Food inflation has been excluded from core measures of inflation under the reasoning that it is a phenomenon of the supply side of the economy, driven by stochastic supply shocks to agricultural production that can affect the availability of farm products and increase food price volatility. However, the share of food costs related to agricultural production has fallen over the years as food value chains have become more complex and food prices tied more closely to value added downstream in the supply chain. We calculate the magnitude and extension of agricultural price passthroughs to food prices in the United States after 2008. We leverage the results of simple models of food pricing under imperfect competition along the supply chain to identify possible sources of bias in the passthrough calculations. We argue that we can identify U.S. agricultural price passthrough to U.S. food prices in a structural vector autoregressive setting using weather instruments that shift supply of farm production but are excluded from demand. Our results suggest that the passthrough of agricultural commodity prices to food prices is generally small and imprecisely estimated. Our results suggest that understanding food inflation can benefit from focusing on factors affecting downstream segments of the supply chain.

JEL classifications: Q10, E31

## Article Citations

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## Related Research

- Leibtag, Ephraim. 2009. "How Much and How Quick? Pass Through of Commodity and Input Cost Changes to Retail Food Prices." *American Journal of Agricultural Economics*, vol. 91, no. 5, pp. 1462-1467. Available at <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-8276.2009.01365.x>
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Amaze Lusompa is an Economist in the Economic Research Department of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City. Prior to joining the department in 2020, Amaze received a Ph.D. in economics from the University of California, Irvine. He also holds a B.A. in economics from NC A&T State University and an M.S. in Economic and Statistical Modeling from Duke University. His primary research interests are in econometrics and macroeconomics.



### David Rodziewicz

#### Advanced Economics Specialist

David Rodziewicz is an advanced economics specialist at the Denver Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City. His research areas include energy and natural resource economics, regional economics, commodity markets, finance, and banking. He conducts regional and industry outreach in the Rocky Mountain West region (Colorado, Wyoming, and northern New Mexico). Rodziewicz also serves as the secretary for the Denver Branch Board of Directors and is responsible for briefing the Kansas City Fed's president – a member of the Federal Open Market Committee – on regional economic conditions and energy related issues. Prior to joining the Economic Research Department at the Bank in 2017, Rodziewicz was as an officer in the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's Commissioned Officer Corps, where he served as a deck watch officer in Alaska and database manager in Colorado. Earlier in his career, he worked in the financial services industry as a stock analyst, covering real estate investment trusts (REITs). Rodziewicz holds a M.S. in Mineral and Energy Economics from Colorado School of Mines and a B.S. degree in Finance and Economics from University of Illinois.



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Jacob Dice is a Software Engineer in the Research Facilitation group at the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City. He holds a M.S. in Computer Science from the Georgia Institute of Technology and a B.A. in Economics and Physics from William Jewell College. As a research facilitator, Jacob partners with economists to accelerate policy and research code to efficiently scale across the Bank's high performance computing (HPC) environment.

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