# The Federal Reserve System & Economic Outlook

Rotary Vocational Day August 1, 2023

\*The views expressed herein are those of the presenter only and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City or the Federal Reserve System.



### Why was the Federal Reserve Created?

First Bank of the United States (1791-1811)

Second Bank of the United States (1816-1836)



### Senator Robert L. Owen







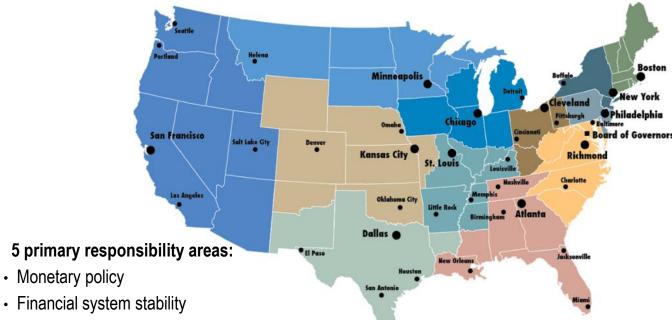
### Federal Reserve Act of 1913



President Woodrow Wilson signed the Federal Reserve Act into law on Dec. 23, 1913.



#### Structure & Functions of the Federal Reserve



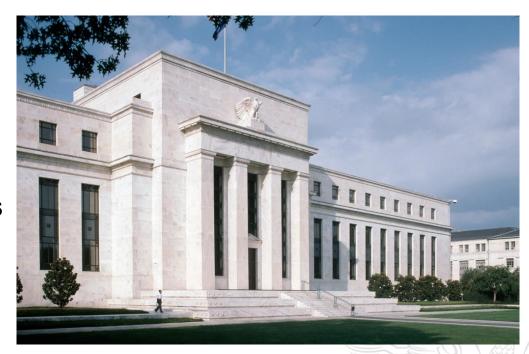
- Bank supervision & regulation
- Payment system safety & efficiency
- Consumer protection & community development

#### 3 primary entities:

- · Board of Governors: 7 members appointed by U.S. President
- Federal Reserve Banks: 12 total; semi-independent
- Federal Open Market Committee: 19 members; 12 voting

### The Fed is Independent Within the Government

- Created by Congress
- Reports to Congress
- Does not receive any money from Federal budget
- Self-funded through Open Market Operations and providing services to financial institutions



### Kansas City Fed – 10<sup>th</sup> District

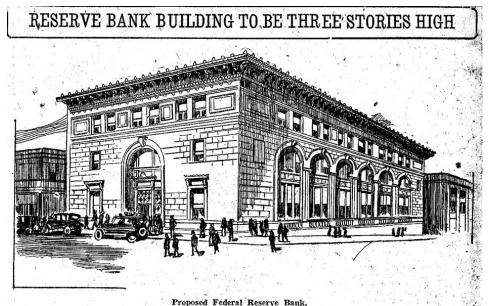
- President serves on the Federal Open Market Committee
- The Kansas City Fed shares the rotation with the Minneapolis and San Francisco Feds
- The Kansas City Fed president votes again in 2025





### Kansas City Fed – Oklahoma City Branch







### The Oklahoma City Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City

<u>www.kansascityfed.org/oklahomacity</u>

#### Functions and purposes ~ 50 staff

- Research on U.S. and Oklahoma economies; energy sector and business survey focus
- Examinations of Oklahoma financial institutions (~45 banks, ~175 holding cos.)
- Risk analysis and IT development for bank exams; exam assistance for other Fed offices
- Community development programming for low/moderate income groups, workforce focus
- Economic education and public outreach programming

#### 2023 OKC Branch Board of Directors

- Katrina Washington (chair), Exec. Dir., Neighborhood Housing Services, OKC
- Mark Burrage, CEO, FirstBank, Atoka
- Walt Duncan, President, Duncan Oil Properties, OKC
- Rhonda Hooper, President & CEO, Jordan Advertising, OKC
- Terry Salmon, President, Computer System Designers, OKC
- Brady Sidwell, Principal, Sidwell Strategies, Enid
- Dana Weber, Chair & CEO, Webco Industries, Sand Springs

#### Oklahomans on Districtwide Fed Advisory Councils

#### Federal Advisory Council (FAC):

· Jill Castilla, CEO, Citizens Bank, Edmond

#### Economic Advisory Council (EAC):

- Scott Case, President, Case & Associates Properties, Tulsa
- Clay Gaspar, COO, Devon Energy, Oklahoma City
- Rebecca Thompson, CFO, AAON, Inc., Sand Springs

#### Community Development Advisory Council (CDAC):

- · Michelle Bish, Executive Director, Northeast Workforce Development Board, Catoosa
- Quintin Hughes, Sr., Program Director, Northeast Oklahoma City Renaissance, Inc., Oklahoma City
- Cindy Logsdon, Executive Director/CEO, Citizen Potawatomi Community Development Corp., Shawnee

#### Community Depository Inst. Advisory Council (CDIAC):

- Barry Anderson, President, F&M Bank, Guthrie
- Alicia Wade, President, Valliance Bank, Oklahoma City

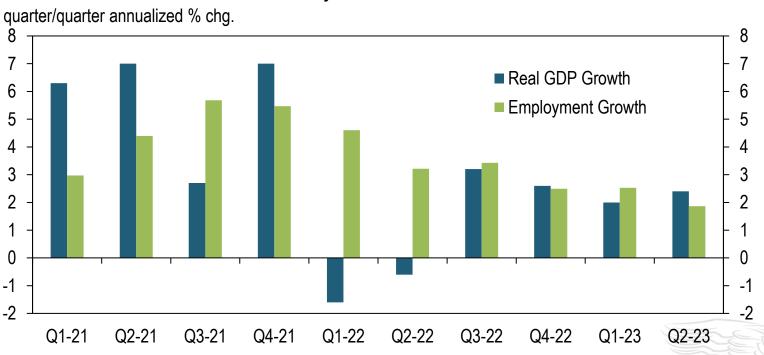
#### **Economic Overview**

- U.S. economic growth has slowed in 2023 but remains positive, and unemployment remains very low
- Inflation remains too high, despite coming down from 2022 peaks
- Oklahoma's economy continues to recover, but jobs remain below prepandemic levels in some sectors, especially energy
- Oklahoma's population growth has outpaced the nation in recent years, driven by strong domestic in-migration



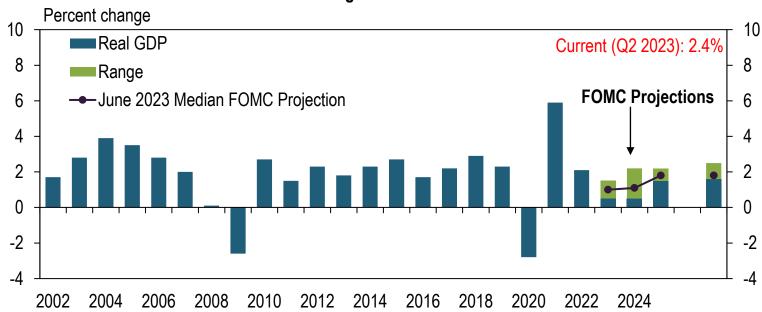
## U.S. GDP and employment growth remain resilient in the first half of 2023

#### **Quarterly U.S. Economic Growth**



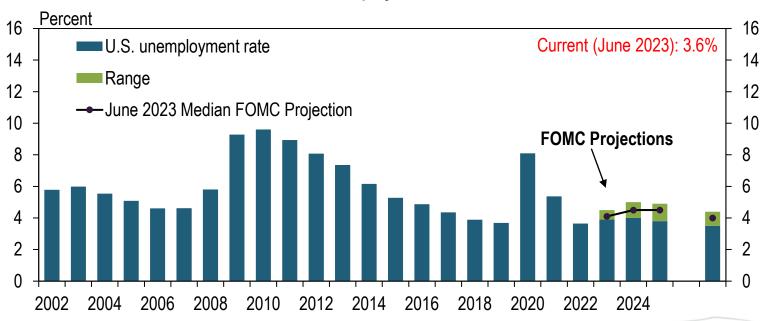
## GDP growth is expected to be somewhat sluggish in 2023 before rebounding to trend in 2024 and 2025

#### **Change in Real GDP**

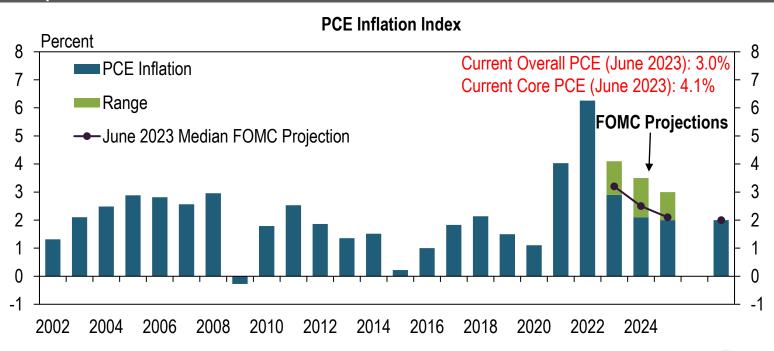


## U.S. unemployment remains historically low and is projected to rise only moderately in coming years

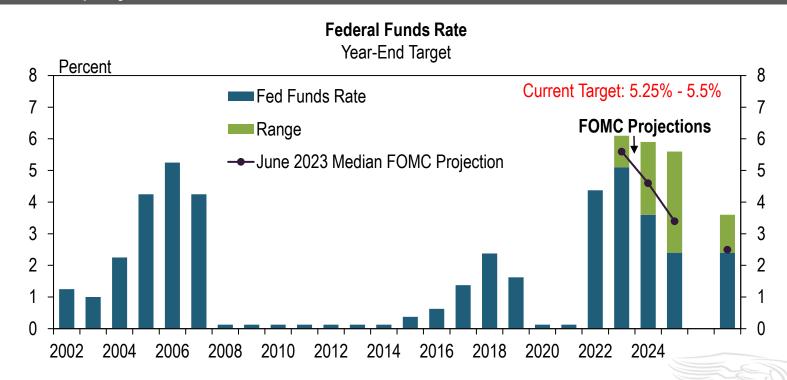
#### **U.S. Unemployment Rate**



## Although inflation has come down from 2022 peaks and is expected to fall further, it remains elevated

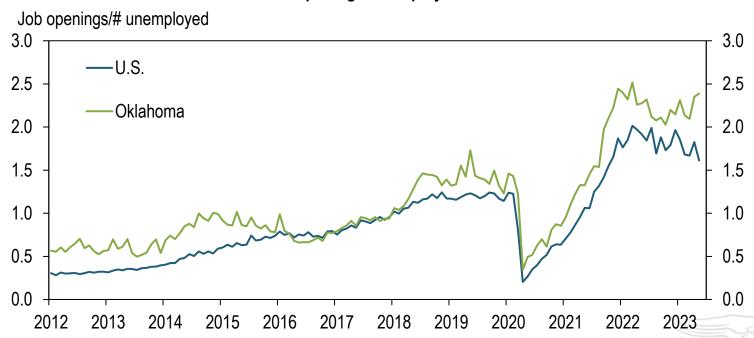


## The Fed raised the federal funds rate by 25 bps in July, and the latest projections are shown

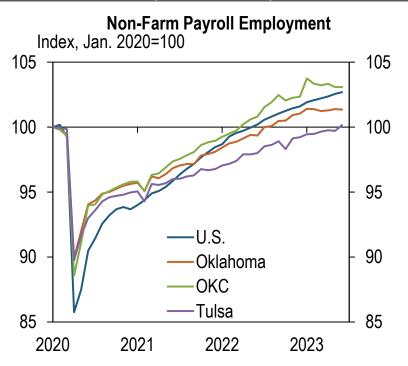


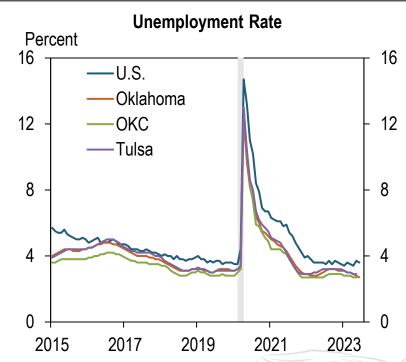
## Job openings still greatly exceed unemployed workers, keeping wage pressures from easing much, but have fallen slightly

#### **Job Openings/Unemployment Ratio**



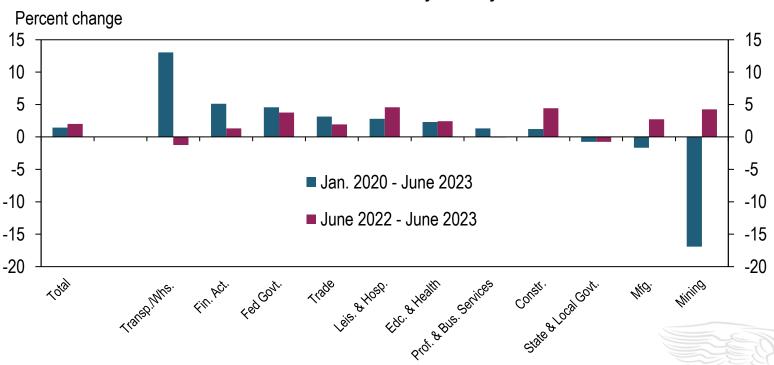
## Jobs in Oklahoma have mostly continued to grow, while unemployment stays low



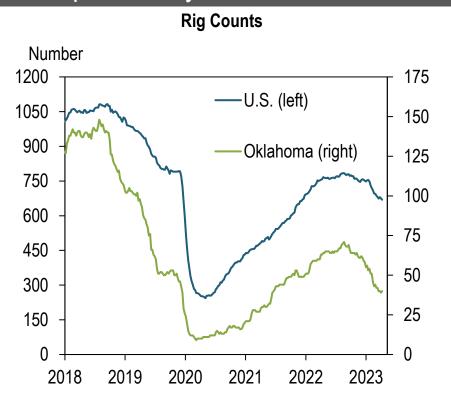


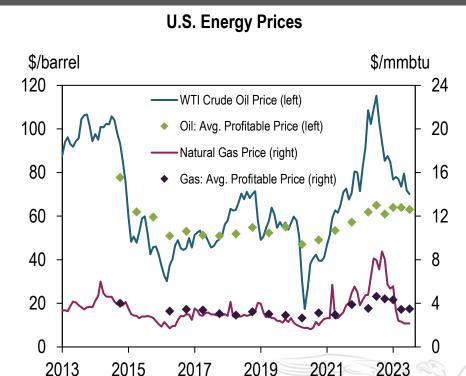
### Energy and manufacturing jobs in OK are still below prepandemic but up during the past year

#### Oklahoma Job Growth by Industry

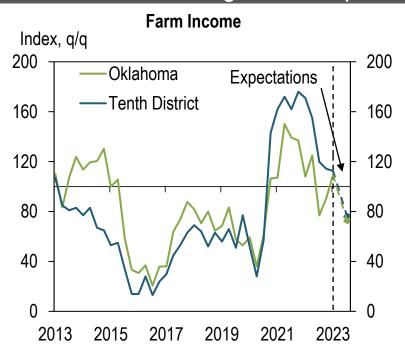


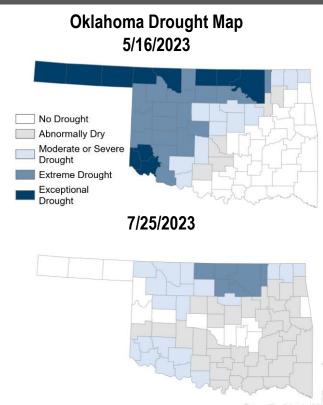
## Oil and gas drilling has fallen in Oklahoma with lower profitability, even moreso than in the nation





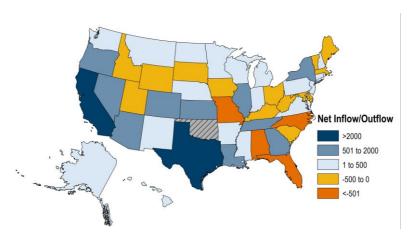
## Oklahoma farm income increased in Q1 2023, but is expected to decline, and drought has improved in the north and west



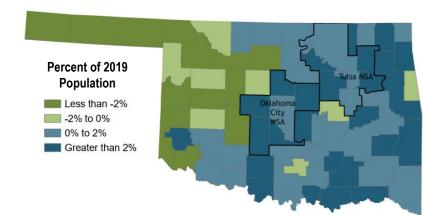


## Many people moved to OK from CA and TX, mostly to the metros but to many other parts of the state, too

### Net Domestic Migration to Oklahoma 2020 and 2021



#### 2019-22 Net Domestic Migration by County





#### Summary

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### Questions?

### Oklahoma's economy

For more analysis of the Oklahoma economy, regional manufacturing conditions and regional energy conditions, subscribe to receive e-mail alerts from the KANSAS CITY FED.

Visit kansascityfed.org/ealert to subscribe!



