### U.S. and Oklahoma Economic Outlook



### Structure & Functions of the Federal Reserve



#### The "Fed" consists of three main entities:

- Board of Governors: 7 members appointed by U.S. President
- Federal Reserve Banks: 12 total; semi-independent by design
- Federal Open Market Committee: 19 members; 12 voting

#### Primary responsibility areas:

- Monetary policy
- Bank regulation
- · Financial services

# The Oklahoma City Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City

www.kansascityfed.org/oklahomacity

### Functions and purposes ~ 50 staff

- Research on U.S. and Oklahoma economies; energy sector and business survey focus
- Examinations of Oklahoma financial institutions (~45 banks, ~175 holding cos.)
- · Risk analysis and IT development for bank exams; exam assistance for other Fed offices
- Community development programming for low/moderate income groups, workforce focus
- Economic education and public outreach programming

### 2022 OKC Fed Branch Board of Directors

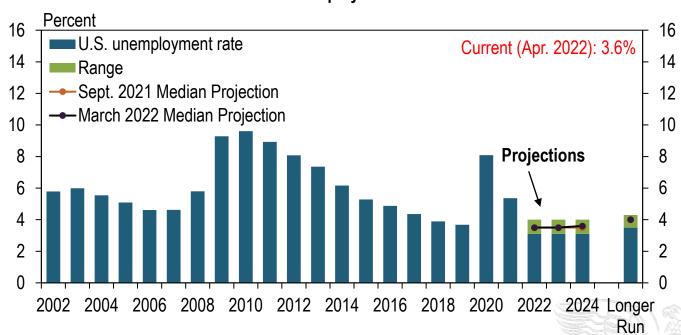
- Katrina Washington (chair), Owner/Broker, Stratos Realty, Oklahoma City
- Walt Duncan, President, Duncan Oil Properties, Oklahoma City
- Rhonda Hooper, President & CEO, Jordan Advertising, Oklahoma City
- Susan Plumb, Chair & CEO, Bank of Cherokee County, Tahlequah
- Brady Sidwell, Principal, Sidwell Strategies, Enid
- Chris Turner, COO, First National Bank, Shawnee/OKC
- Dana Weber, Chair & CEO, Webco Industries, Sand Springs

### **Overview**

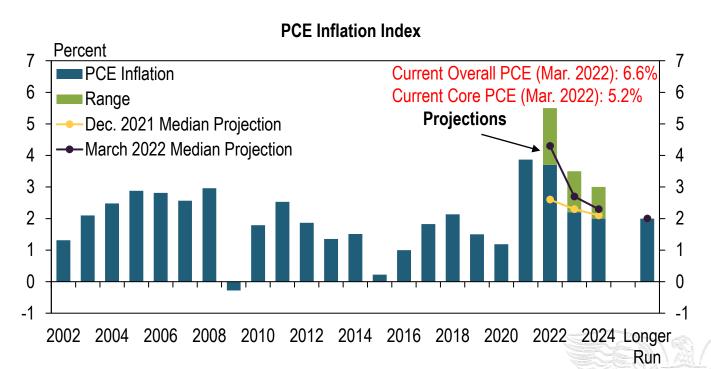
- The U.S. economy is solid, with strong demand in many sectors and low unemployment, but inflation is too high
- Several factors have boosted inflation over the past year, and several factors should help bring it back down
- Oklahoma's economy continues to recover, but jobs remain below pre-pandemic levels, especially in energy
- Oklahoma had record in-migration in 2021, helping offset record deaths and hopefully boosting the future workforce

# U.S. unemployment remains historically low and is projected to remain very low in coming years

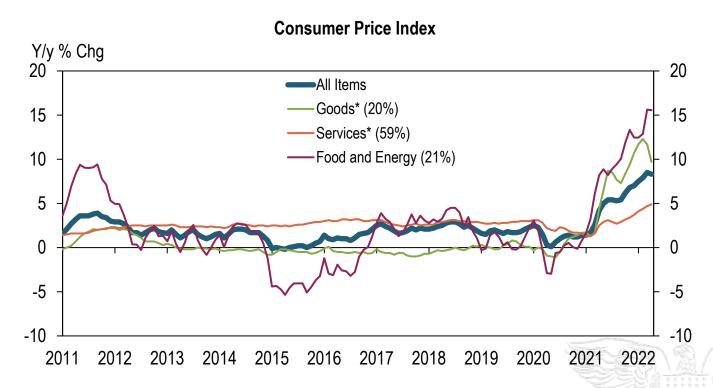
**U.S. Unemployment Rate** 



# Inflation has moved well above the Fed's 2% target but is expected to ease heading forward



# CPI inflation finally edged down in April, to 8.3%, but remains near a 40-year high

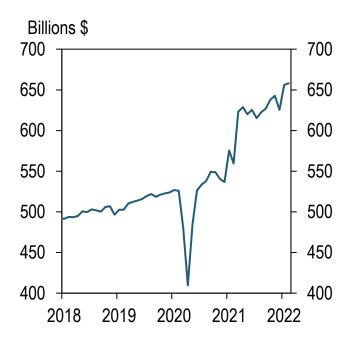


<sup>\*</sup>Goods excluding Food; Services excluding Energy.

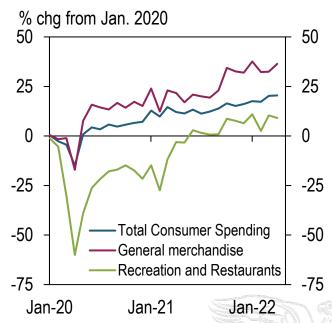
Note: Relative Importance as Share of CPI shown in parenthesis.

### Why is inflation high? Demand has been strong

### U.S. Retail Sales and Food Services



### **Oklahoma Consumer Spending**

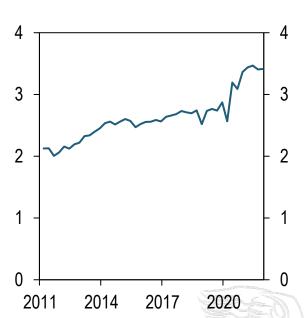


## Demand has been supported by rising wages and

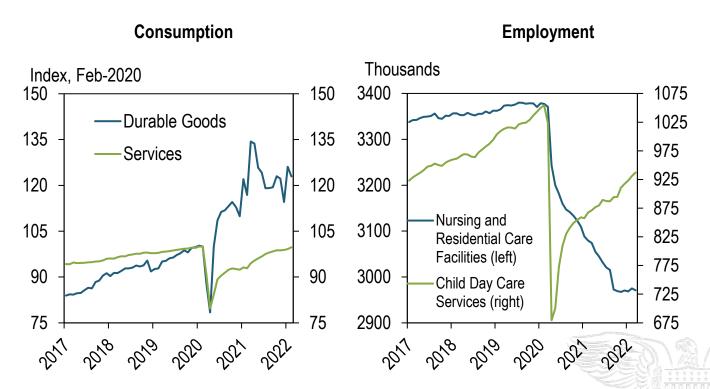
healthy household balance sheets



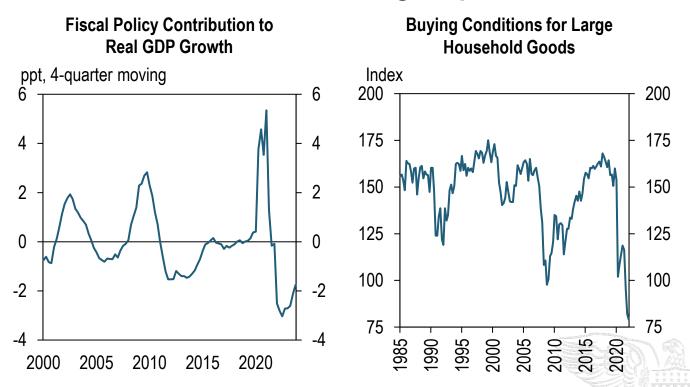
U.S. Household Net Worth/GDP



# Why is inflation high? Supply is constrained by a shift in consumption and disruptions to labor supply

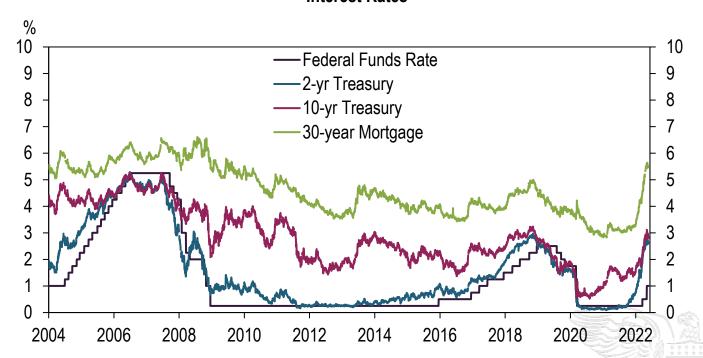


# Where is inflation going? Demand easing as stimulus fades and consumers react to higher prices



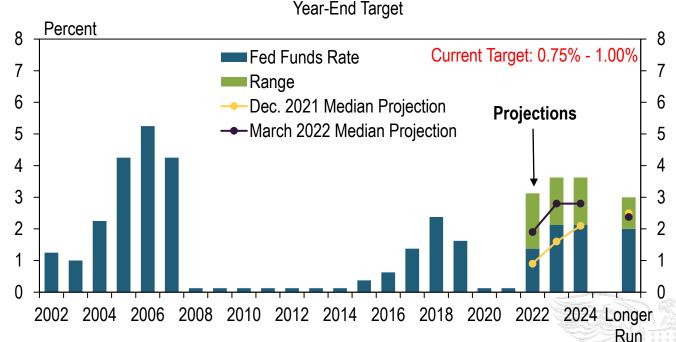
# Interest rates have increased, and 30-year mortgage rates are at the highest levels since 2010

#### Interest Rates

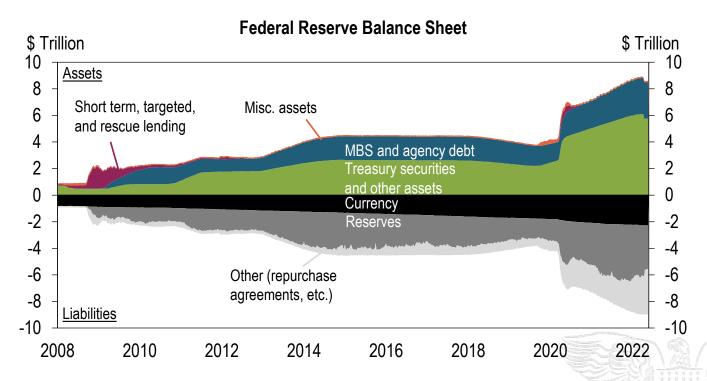


## The Fed raised rates 50 bp in May, with more rate increases expected in 2022 and 2023

### Federal Funds Rate



## The Fed also plans to reduce its balance sheet more moving forward

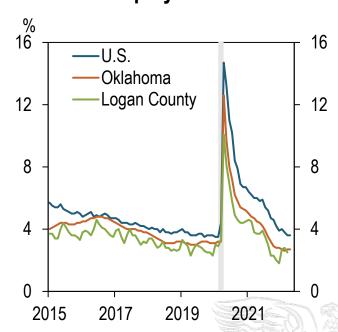


## Oklahoma jobs are still below pre-COVID levels, but Logan County jobs have more than recovered

### **Non-Farm Payroll Employment**

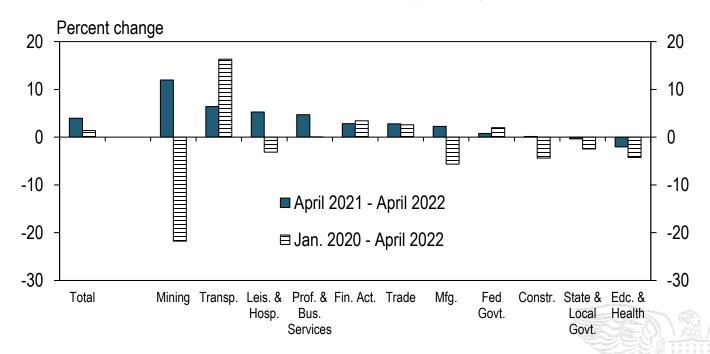
### Index, Jan. 2020=100 105 105 100 100 95 95 90 90 U.S. Oklahoma Logan County 85 85 Jan-20 Jan-21 Jan-22

### **Unemployment Rate**

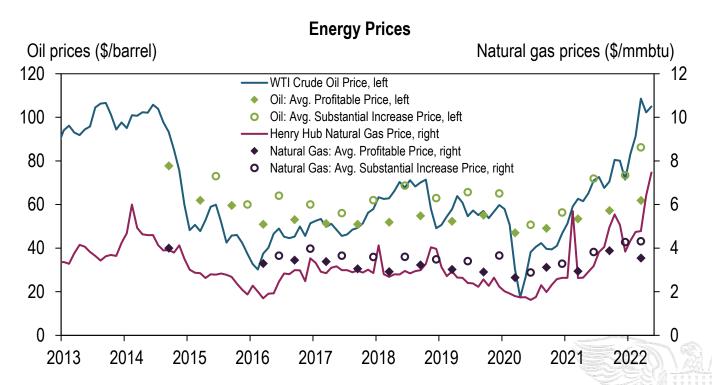


# Energy and manufacturing jobs in Oklahoma are still down compared to pre-pandemic, but have grown

### Oklahoma Job Growth by Industry

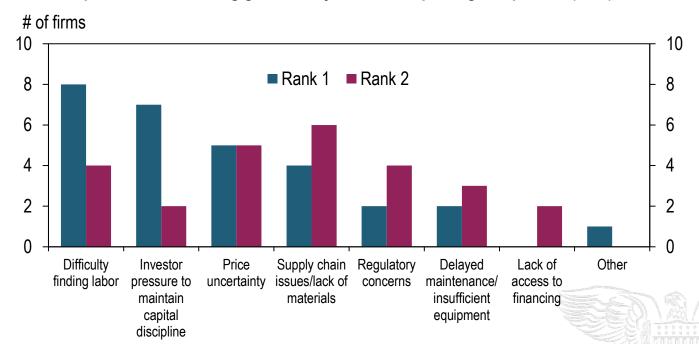


# Oil and natural gas prices have risen considerably, and remain highly profitable for most regional firms



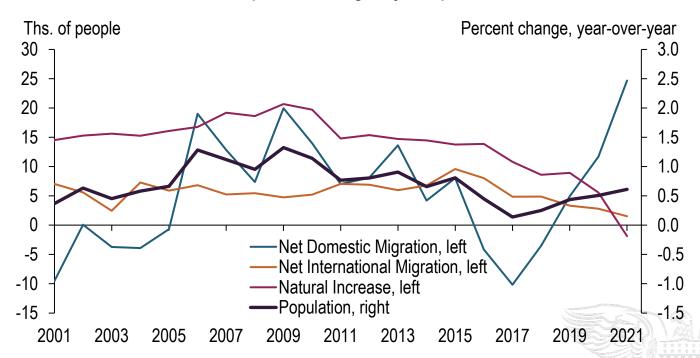
# But regional energy production is restrained by labor and more fiscal discipline for public companies

Q1 2022 Energy Survey Special Question: "Which of the following are the top reasons restraining growth for your firm despite high oil prices? (rank)"

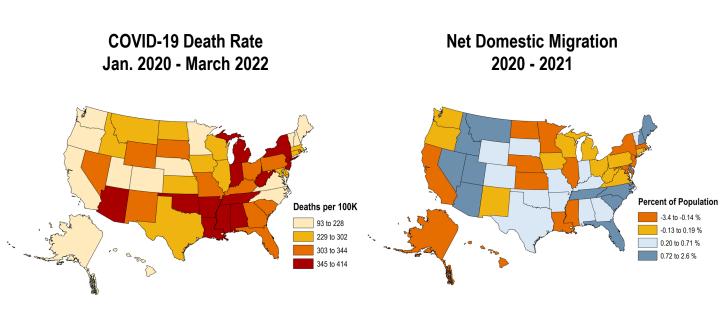


# Oklahoma's population grew in 2021, despite a historic increase in deaths, due to massive in-migration

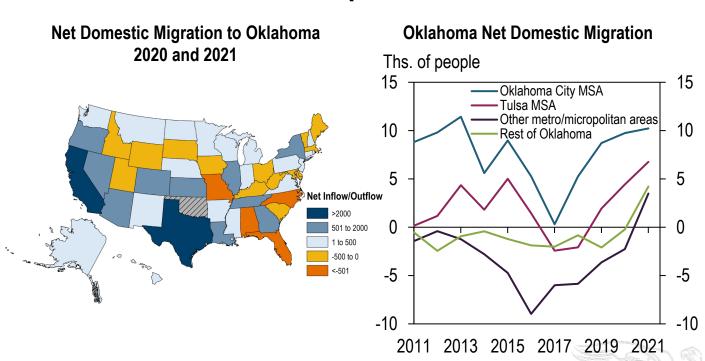
Oklahoma Population Changes by Component, 2001-2021



# Oklahoma ranked highly in both COVID deaths per capita and net domestic in-migration in 2020 and 2021

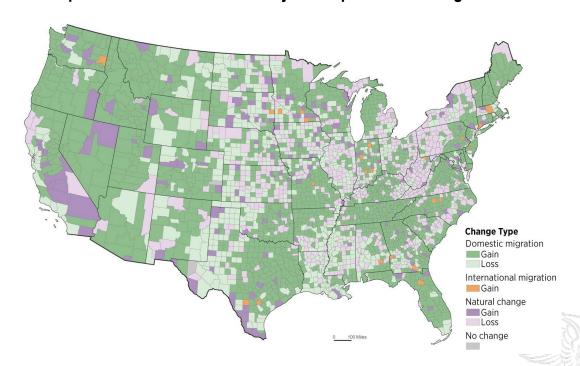


### Many people moved to OK from CA and TX, mostly to the metros but some other parts of the state, too



# Domestic migration trends shifted greatly across the U.S. during 2020 and 2021, and positively for Logan Co.

Population Gain or Loss and Major Component of Change: 2020-21



### **Summary**

- The U.S. economy is solid, with strong demand in many sectors and low unemployment, but inflation is too high
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### **Questions?**

### Oklahoma's economy

For more analysis of the Oklahoma economy, regional manufacturing conditions and regional energy conditions, subscribe to receive e-mail alerts from the KANSAS CITY FED.

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