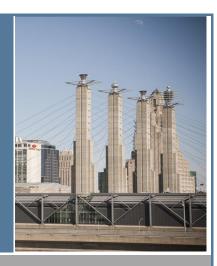
Missouri Economic Databook

A summary of regional economic indicators for the state of Missouri



FEBRUARY 9, 2022

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of KANSAS CITY

SUMMARY OF CURRENT MISSOURI ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The Missouri economy continued to strengthen during the fourth quarter of 2021. The unemployment rate ended the quarter at 3.3%, below its pre-pandemic level and the national average. Payroll employment continued to approach pre-pandemic levels, with 29,000 jobs added during the quarter. Particularly, professional and business services and retail trade contributed the most to job gains, adding 8,400 and 7,400 jobs, respectively. However, the size of the labor force declined by 11,500 workers. Personal income grew annually by 6.1% in the third quarter of 2021, with the largest contribution coming from worker earnings. Home prices in Missouri grew annually by 15.8% in the third quarter of 2021, and home permits from both single family and multifamily homes grew by 9.7% and 25.4%, respectively.

This databook provides current economic indicators to help monitor trends and allow comparison of past information. These indicators include employment; employment by industry; county and state unemployment; personal income; home prices; housing indicators; manufacturing activity; oil, gas and coal production; and exports. These indicators can be found on the following pages.



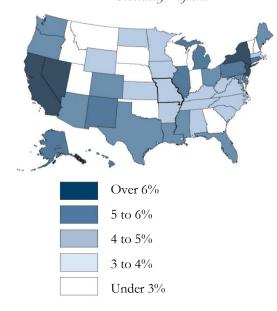
Jason Brown is Vice President and Economist at the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City. In this role, Brown is the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City's regional economist in Kansas and Missouri. He is responsible for briefing the Kansas City Fed's President on the economy in these states and the Tenth District.

Unemployment Rates

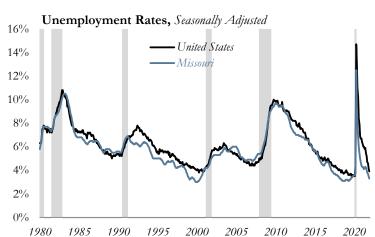
Seasonally Adjusted

December 2021 Unemployment Rates

Seasonally Adjusted



December 2021				
	United States	Missouri		
Unemployment Rate	3.9%	3.3%		
Unemployment Rate, Last Year	6.7%	4.4%		



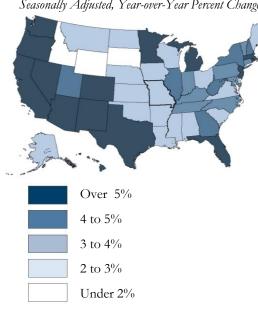
Note: Gray bars indicate recession.

Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted

December 2021 Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



December 2021				
	United States	Missouri		
Jobs (Thousands)	148,951.0	2,876.8		
Change from Last Year	4.5%	2.8%		

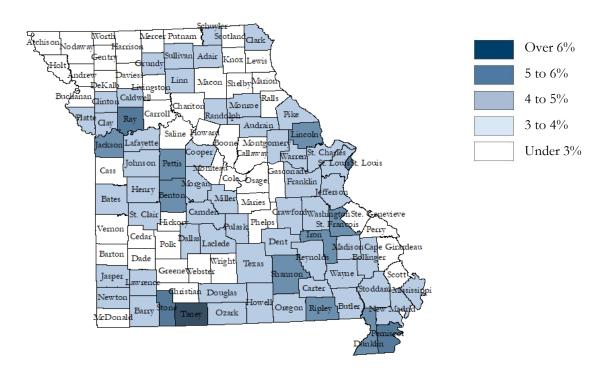
Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



December 2021 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

Seasonally Adjusted

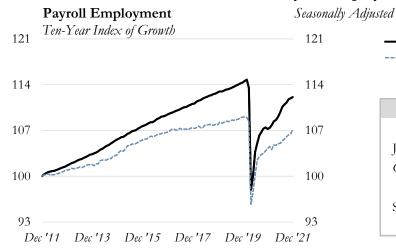


		Percent	Labor Force			Percent	Labor Force
		Unemployed	(Thous and s)			Unemployed	(Thousands)
	United States	3.9%	162,294	19	Clinton	3.9	10.7
	Missouri	3.3	3,058	20	Warren	3.9	18.2
1	Taney	7.4	26.4	21	Carter	3.9	2.6
2	Stone	5.8	13.4	22	Wayne	3.8	4.8
3	Ray	5.1	11.2	23	Linn	3.8	5.0
4	Pemiscot	5.1	5.9	24	Barry	3.7	15.0
5	St. Louis (City)	5.1	149.7	25	St. Louis	3.6	521.1
6	Lincoln	4.6	28.9	26	Maries	3.6	5.4
7	Iron	4.4	3.5	27	Butler	3.6	17.8
8	Ripley	4.4	5.1	28	Crawford	3.6	10.8
9	Benton	4.4	7.3	29	Morgan	3.6	8.4
10	Dunklin	4.4	11.2	30	St. Clair	3.5	3.7
11	Shannon	4.1	3.4	31	Camden	3.5	19.2
12	Jackson	4.1	364.7	32	Douglas	3.5	5.1
13	St. François	4.0	25.7	33	Audrain	3.5	10.3
14	Pettis	4.0	20.3	34	Monroe	3.5	3.8
15	Oregon	4.0	3.8	35	Adair	3.5	9.7
16	Washington	4.0	10.0	36	Howell	3.4	16.0
17	Ozark	4.0	3.4	37	Montgomery	3.4	5.8
18	Clay	3.9	139.5	38	New Madrid	3.4	8.3

December 2021 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
39	Schuyler	3.4	1.9	78	Marion	2.9	3.9
40	Franklin	3.4	52.1	79	Macon	2.8	11.0
41	Caldwell	3.4	4.3	80	Carroll	2.8	4.4
42	Pike	3.3	7.4	81	McDonald	2.8	14.2
43	Bollinger	3.3	5.4	82	Polk	2.8	14.6
44	Mississippi	3.3	5.4	83	Greene	2.8	152.5
45	Reynolds	3.3	2.9	84	Saline	2.8	10.2
46	Lawrence	3.3	17.5	85	Phelps	2.8	20.2
47	Sullivan	3.3	2.6	86	Callaway	2.7	21.5
48	Jefferson	3.3	116.0	87	Daviess	2.7	4.1
49	Pulaski	3.3	14.4	88	Hickory	2.7	4.0
50	Johnson	3.2	23.2	89	Webster	2.7	17.4
51	Stoddard	3.2	13.4	90	Moniteau	2.7	7.4
52	Newton	3.2	26.7	91	Christian	2.7	46.0
53	Texas	3.2	9.0	92	Madison	2.7	7.3
54	Henry	3.2	10.0	93	DeKalb	2.7	4.7
55	Platte	3.2	59.7	94	Harrison	2.6	3.7
56	Bates	3.2	7.7	95	Cedar	2.6	5.8
57	Lafayette	3.2	16.8	96	Howard	2.6	4.9
58	St. Charles	3.2	224.3	97	Ralls	2.6	5.6
59	Randolph	3.2	10.2	98	Vernon	2.5	9.3
60	Dallas	3.1	7.0	99	Cole	2.5	39.4
61	Miller	3.1	12.6	100	Nodaway	2.5	10.7
62	Clark	3.1	3.1	101	Boone	2.4	96.9
63	Laclede	3.1	16.4	102	Wright	2.4	7.6
64	Dent	3.0	6.2	103	Dade	2.4	3.5
65	Grundy	3.0	4.2	104	Livingston	2.4	7.3
66	Cooper	3.0	7.1	105	Andrew	2.3	9.7
67	Jasper	3.0	56.3	106	Mercer	2.3	1.8
68	Atchison	3.0	2.6	107	Chariton	2.3	3.7
69	Gasconade	3.0	7.6	108	Osage	2.3	7.1
70	Perry	2.9	9.8	109	Worth	2.3	1.2
71	Cass	2.9	55.0	110	Putnam	2.2	2.2
72	Cape Girardeau	2.9	40.3	111	Shelby	2.2	3.0
73	Buchanan	2.9	43.5	112	Holt	2.2	2.5
74	Scott	2.9	20.1	113	Knox	2.2	1.7
75	Lewis	2.9	4.8	114	Scotland	2.1	2.3
76	Barton	2.9	5.2	115	Gentry	2.0	3.4
77	Ste. Genevieve	2.9	7.4				

Payroll Employment

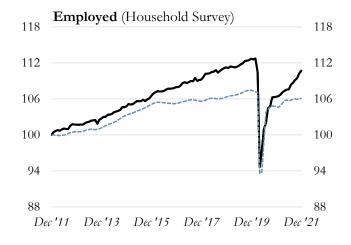


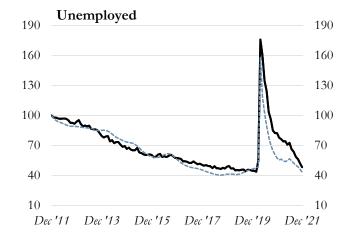


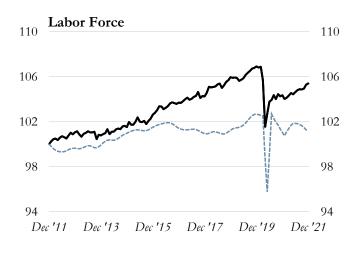
December 2021			
	United States	Missouri	
Jobs (Thousands)	148,951.0	2,876.8	
Change from Last Year	6,448.0	77.6	
(Thousands)			
Share of U.S. Employm	ent	1.9%	

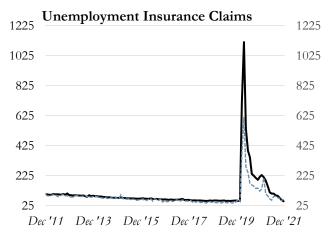
Labor Force Dynamics

Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted









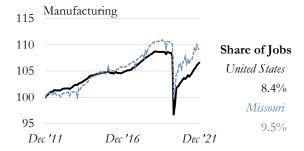
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics & Department of Labor/Haver Analytics

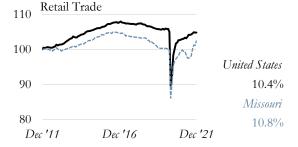
Payroll Employment by Industry

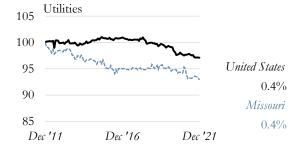
Seasonally Adjusted

December 2021 Percent Change Year-over-Year



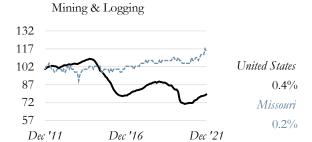


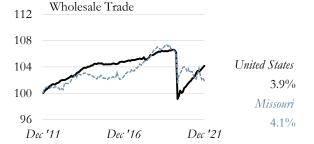




----- United States
----- Missouri





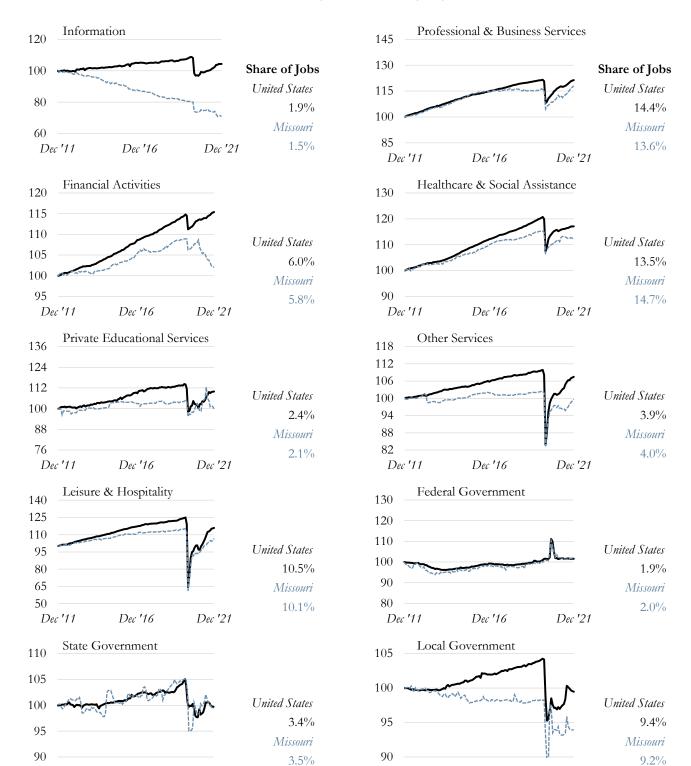




Payroll Employment by Industry

Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted

— United States ----- Missouri



Dec '11

Dec '16

Dec '21

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

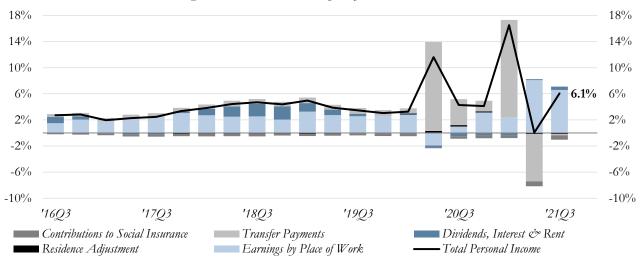
Dec '16

Dec '21

Dec '11

Missouri Nominal Personal Income Growth

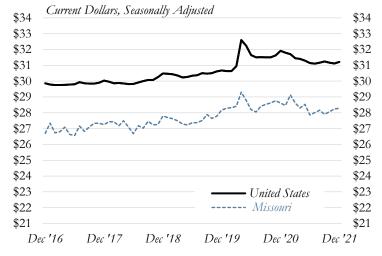
Contributions to Percent Change Year-over-Year, Seasonally Adjusted



2021Q3	Percent Change Year-over-Year		Share of Personal Incom	
	United States	Missouri	United States	Missouri
Total Personal Income	5.2%	6.1%		
Earnings by Place of Work	9.7%	9.6%	70.2%	71.0%
Social Insurance Contributions*	-10.2%	-8.5%	-7.7%	-8.2%
Residence Adjustment		9.9%		-1.8%
Dividends, Interest & Rent	3.0%	2.8%	17.7%	17.8%
Transfer Payments	-5.3%	-0.7%	19.9%	21.2%

^{*}Subtracted from personal income.

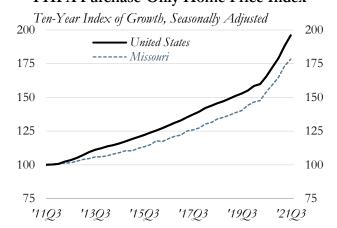
Real Average Hourly Wage



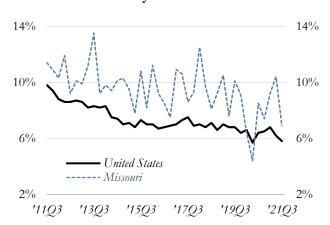
December 2021				
Average	United States	Missouri		
Hourly Wage \$31.21		\$28.28		
Real Change fron	7			
Last Month	0.3%	0.2%		
Last Year	-2.2%	-1.1%		

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis & Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

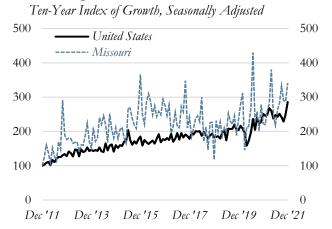
FHFA Purchase-Only Home Price Index



Rental Vacancy Rates



Housing Permits

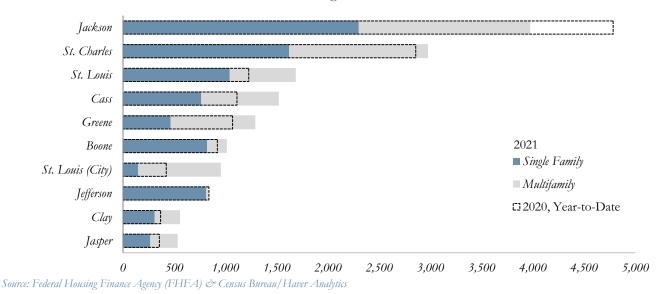


Summary Statistics				
	United States	Missouri		
Prices (2021Q3)*	18.5%	15.8%		
Vacancy Rates (2021Q3)	5.8%	6.9%		
Permits (Year-to-Date)*				
Single Family	13.7%	9.7%		
Multifamily	30.6%	25.4%		

^{*}Percent change year-over-year.

Top 10 Missouri Counties for Permit Activity

Year-to-Date through December

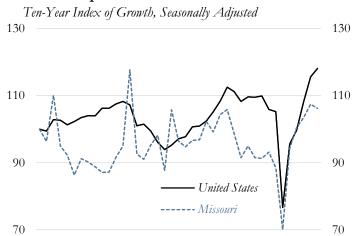


Global Exports

'11Q3

'13Q3

'15Q3



'17Q3

'19Q3

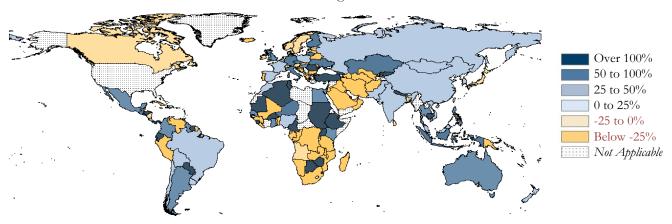
2021	Q3	
	United States	Missouri
Exports (Millions)	\$446,186.1	\$3,853.8
Change from		
Last Quarter	2.2%	-1.1%
Last Year (year-to-date)	23.2%	25.4%
Share of U.S. Activity		0.9%

	2020	
Exports as a Percent of GDP	United States 6.9%	Missouri 3.9%

Missouri Exports Year-to-Date through 2021Q3

'21Q3

Percent Change Year-over-Year



Top	Markets	Share
1	Canada	34.2%
2	Mexico	21.1
3	China*	5.5
4	Germany	4.4
5	Japan	3.2
6	Brazil	2.6
7	South Korea	2.5
8	United Kingdom	2.5
9	France	2.2
10	Australia	2.1

^{*}China includes Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Macao.

Top	Exports	Share
1	Chemicals & Rare Earth Metals	22.0%
2	Transportation Equip.	19.8
3	Food	10.4
4	Machinery (Except Electrical)	8.2
5	Agriculture & Livestock	6.4
6	Electronic Equip. & Appliances	5.6
7	Fabricated Metal Products	4.9
8	Computers & Electronics	4.3
9	Plastics & Rubber Products	3.0
10	Waste & Scrap	1.8

Source: Census Bureau, WISERTrade & Bureau of Economic Analysis/Haver Analytics

Pages 2 - 4: County unemployment rates typically lag state data releases by one month. Gray bars show recessionary periods as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The "official" and most commonly reported unemployment rate is calculated as the number of unemployed workers divided by the total civilian labor force. These data are reported from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Population Survey, or commonly called the "Household" survey.

Page 5: Nonfarm employment data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Employment Survey are commonly called "Payroll" employment data. Estimates from this survey are revised throughout the year and a major revision or "benchmark" of the data occurs in March of each year. "Payroll" and "Household" surveys are released monthly, providing the most current estimates of employment published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Because methodologies differ between surveys, employment estimates also differ. For more information, visit:

bttp://nww.bls.gov/web/empsit/ces_cps_trends.pdf
Initial claims show monthly applications for initial claims for state unemployment insurance benefits.

Pages 6 and 7: Payroll employment by industry is shown for each of the major two-digit North American Industrial Classification System industries.

Page 8: Personal income provides a measure of all income received by residents of a given geographic area. Data shown are in nominal terms (not adjusted for inflation). Transfer payments include social benefits such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. Contributions to social insurance are subtracted from personal income. These contributions include taxes paid by businesses and employees that support social insurance programs such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. The residence adjustment adds income received outside of a recipient's state of residence and makes a corresponding subtraction from the area where this income was earned or received. Real average hourly wages are calculated as total earnings divided by total employment for a given geographic area. Data are adjusted for inflation using the consumer price index for all urban areas (CPI-U) and are indexed to the most current month of data.

Page 9: Home price indices estimate regional growth in home values based on repeat sales data for detached single family residential properties. Monthly single and multifamily housing permits data are not revised and therefore may not sum to published year-end totals.

Page 10: Exports measure the total physical movement of a given product from the United States to a foreign country.

Data Revisions

Most data are revised periodically to correct for errors and incorporate additional information as it becomes available. Data shown in this report are subject to change.

Seasonal Adjustments

Most data are seasonally adjusted to remove variance caused by seasonal fluctuations in economic activity. Data in this report show the seasonal adjustments of data publishers where available. In other cases, Census X-12 adjustments were applied.

Regional Economic Analysis

Sign up to receive *The Missouri Economic Databook* and other publications each month via email using the link below:

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