

Presentation | November 2021

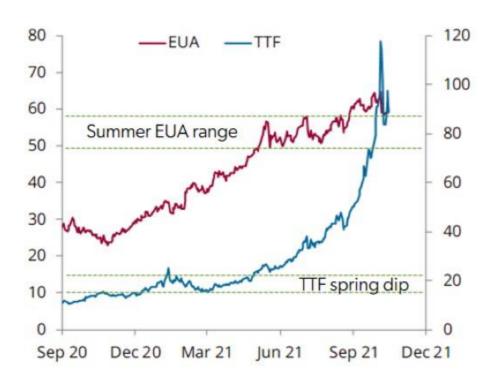
Oil Market Outlook



Three related bull runs: Global gas and emissions seeping into oil

Daily EUA and TTF price moves

€/t (LHS); €/MWh (RHS)

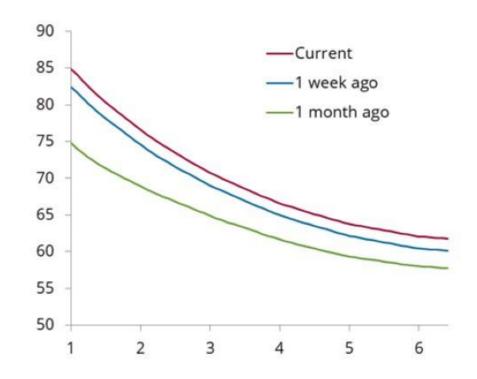


Bull runs have taken place in both markets, although at slightly different times.

Source: Refinitiv, Argus Media GroupEnergy Aspects

Brent crude forward curve

\$/bbl



Tightness in wider global energy markets has contributed to a \$10/bbl rise in the Brent forward curve over the last month.



Energy transition: global E&P Capex is being constrained by ESG mandates

Global E&P spending

\$ billion

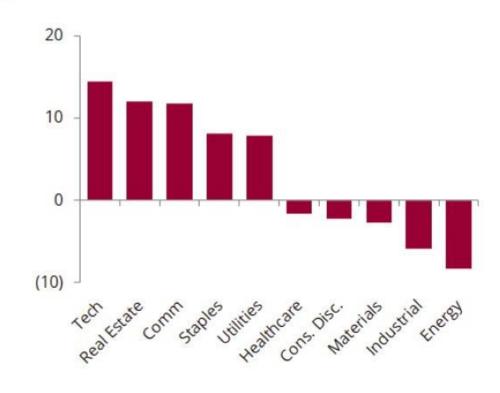
Regions	2022E	2021E	2020A	2019A	2018A	2017A
Middle East	44	41	39	51	56	47
Asia-Pacific	76	71	68	76	67	54
FSU	36	32	32	36	34	37
Europe	7	7	7	8	7	
Africa	18	15	15	19	18	13
Latin America	25	21	18	39	27	29
IOC International Capex	56	51	49	70	83	95
Total International (a)	262	236	228	298	292	282
US Independents	65	60	61	90	95	7
IOC North America	24	21	21	30	24	1
Canada	13	12	12	16	16	16
Mexico	9	9	5	5	4	
Total North America (b)	111	101	99	141	139	113
Total World (a+b)	374	338	327	439	432	39

Capex directed toward fossil fuel development is expected to remain constrained despite the uptick in oil prices.

Source: Company reports, Bloomberg, Energy Aspects

ETF flows by subsector

\$ billion

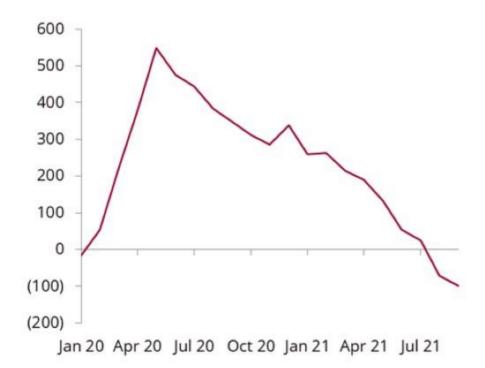


ESG mandates are limiting the investment flow from generalist/institutional investors into energy.



Oil fundamentals are sound, with hefty stockdraws continuing

Cumulative visible crude inventory change vs Jan 20 mb

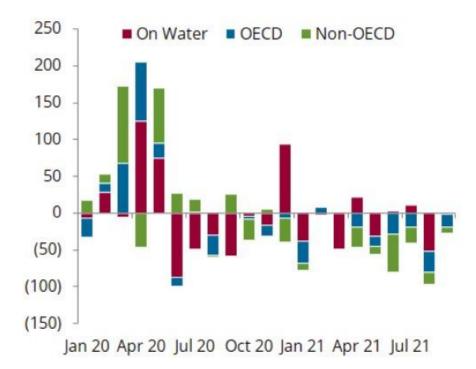


In September, global crude stocks fell to 100 mb below January 2020 levels.

Source: Kpler, EIA, PAJ, Energy Aspects

Global crude stockdraws

mb



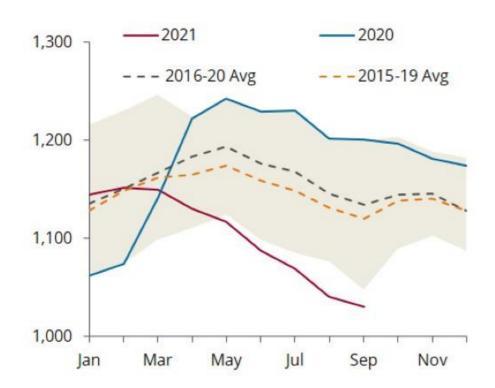
Onshore crude stocks have been consistently drawing in both the OECD and non-OECD since April.



OECD crude stocks are below the five-year minimum

OECD crude stocks

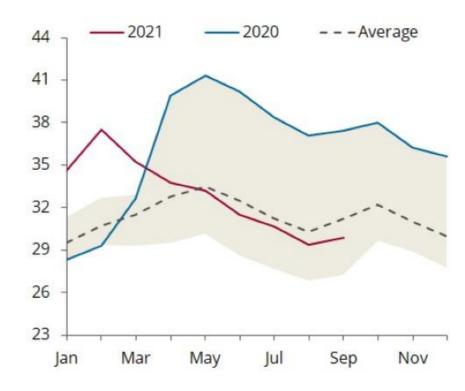
mb



Crude stocks have plummeted to below the five-year minimum, led by the US and Europe.

Source: IEA, Energy Aspects

OECD crude stocks forward cover



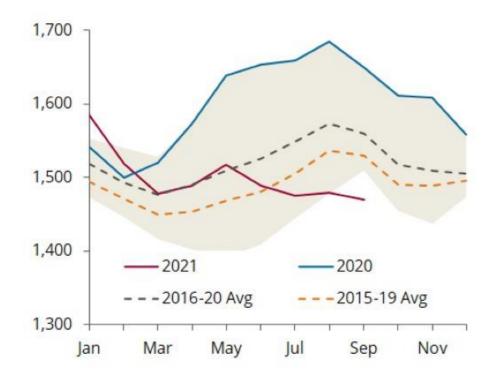
Even adjusting for lower runs, OECD crude stocks are below the five-year average.



OECD products stocks have plummeted on low refinery runs

OECD products (ex other oils) stocks

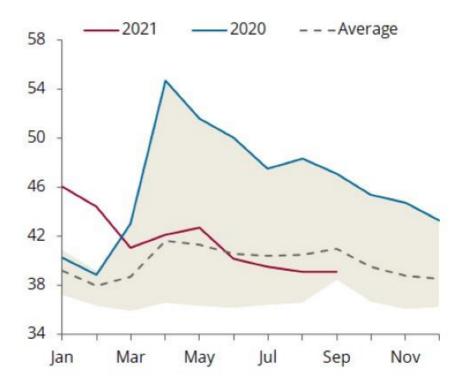
mb



Product stocks have also fallen below the five-year minimum as demand recovered but runs lagged.

Source: IEA, Energy Aspects

OECD products (ex other oils) stocks forward cover

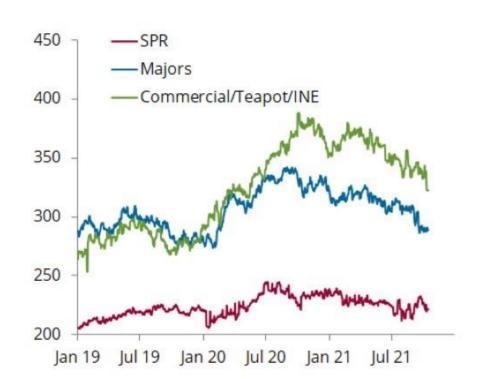


Stocks are less tight on a forward cover basis, but they still are below the five-year average.



China releases SPR to tamp down inflation, but stocks are low

Chinese crude storage by type mb

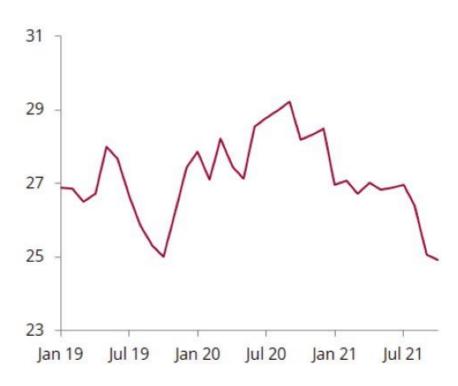


Crude stocks have been drawing since August 2020 across all tank sites, with majors' stocks back at 2019 levels.

Source: Kpler, Energy Aspects

Chinese majors' days of cover

days



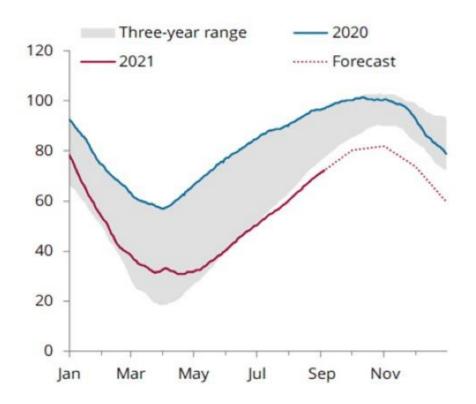
We expect more SPR releases in early 2022, but Chinese buying will pick up amid low stocks.



TTF tightness driven by storage adequacy concerns and supply issues

European gas storage

bcm



With Ukrainian storage also around 12 bcm lower y/y, aggregate storage in Europe is 28 bcm lower y/y in total.

Source: Energy Aspects

Imports of Russian gas into the EU market

bcm/d

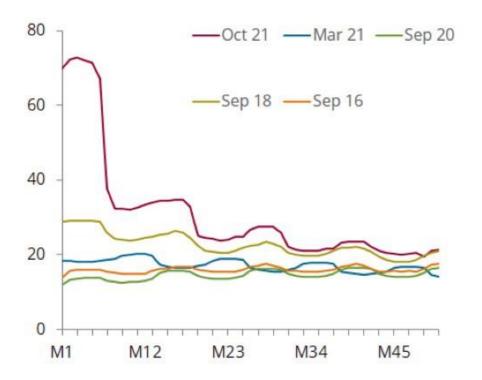


Russian gas supplies fell after a 25 bcm reduction in Ukraine transit capacity. Net flows stronger given limited backflows.



Soaring gas prices are boosting liquids demand at the margin

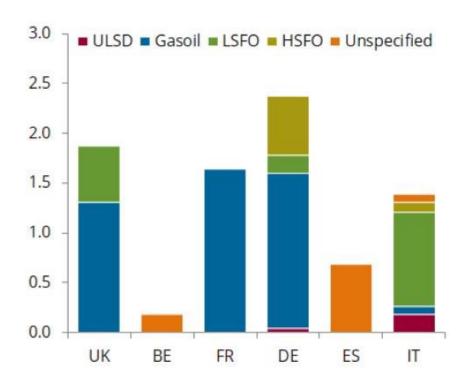
TTF forward curve €/MWh



Soaring gas prices could lead to 0.45 mb/d of incremental liquids demand y/y this winter.

Source: Bloomberg, Company websites, Government websites, Energy Aspects

Oil-fired capacity by fuel in Europe GW



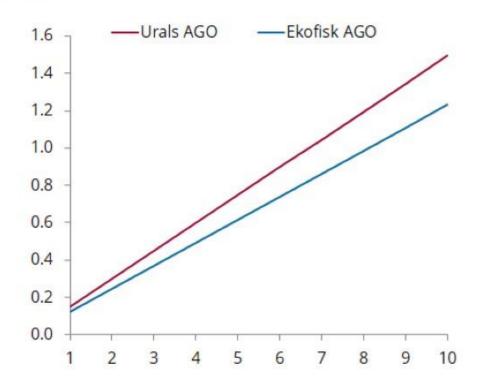
There are limits to gas-to-oil switching in Europe, amounting to no more than 0.16-0.24 mb/d of liquids.



Gas prices are eating into refinery profitability

Desulphurisation hydrogen cost vs natural gas

\$/bbl; \$/mmbtu

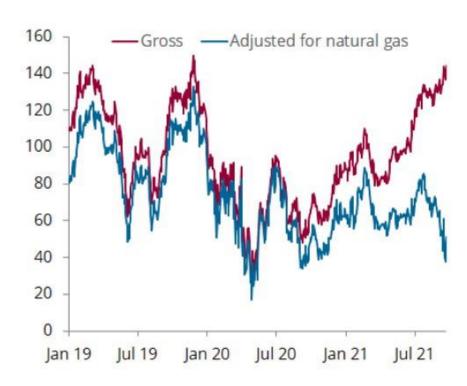


The surge in gas prices is eroding complex margins by raising the cost of hydrogen production.

Source: Argonne National Laboratory, Energy Aspects

Hydrocracking unit margins

\$/tonne



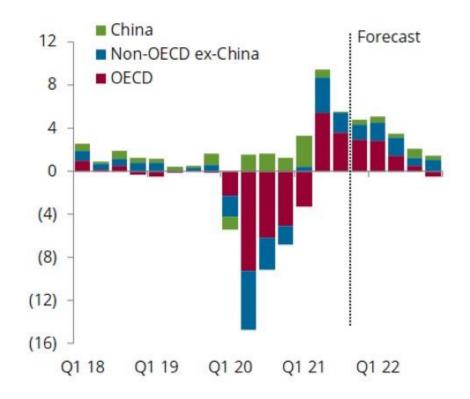
Rising cost of hydrogen production suppresses hydrocracking unit margins, depending on spot gas value exposure.



Global oil demand 100 mb/d from September

Global oil demand, y/y

mb/d

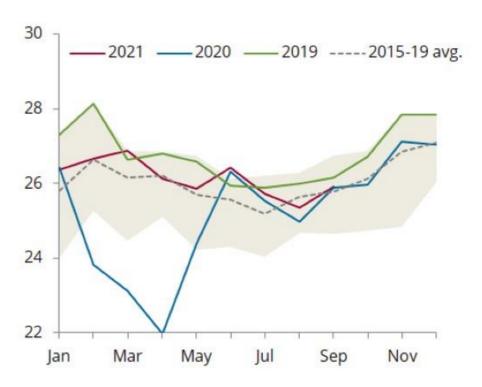


Vaccination rollouts will unleash significant pent-up demand from Q4 21.

Source: Energy Aspects

Asian oil products demand

mb/d



Asian oil demand is recovering quickly at the start of Q4 21 as restrictions continue to ease.



Asia slowly abandoning zero-Covid cases policy

Google mobility data, non-OECD Asia



Vaccination rollouts is unleashing significant pent-up demand from Q421, two quarters ahead of expectations.

Source: Google, Energy Aspects

Google mobility data, OECD Asia



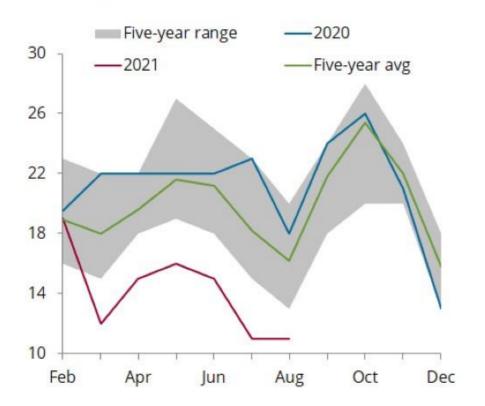
Restrictions around Asia continue to ease as governments are slowly reopening the economies.



Power crisis in China: buy energy at any cost

Coal stocks at major Chinese power utilities

days

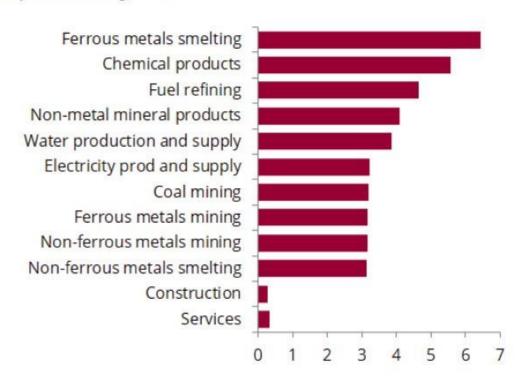


Sharply lower coal stocks have spurred a power crisis in China, with the government now ready to secure energy at any cost.

Source: Wind, Energy Aspects

Power usage to unit of GDP produced by sector

Economy-wide average = 1



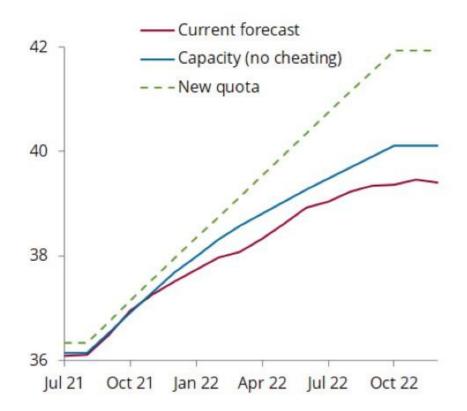
But power curbs on some energy-intensive sectors will continue to meet China's emissions targets.



OPEC+ is only gradually restoring supply

OPEC+ production (ex exempt countries)

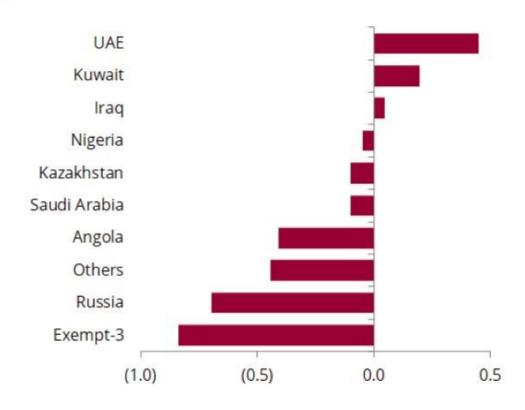
mb/d



OPEC+ deal now runs to end-2022. Actual production will rise by less than quotas, with option to pause output three times.

Source: Energy Aspects

Change in production capacity since October 2018 mb/d



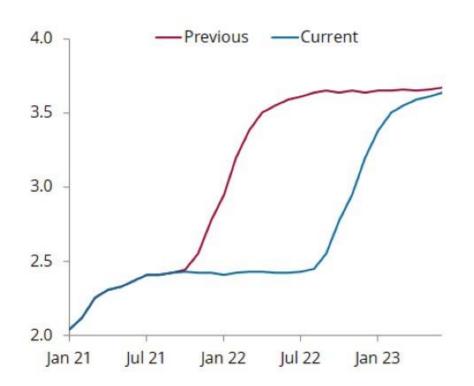
Several countries received higher baselines from May 2022, but monthly quota increases will still be around 0.4 mb/d.



Impact of stalling Iran nuclear talks

Iran crude production forecast

mb/d

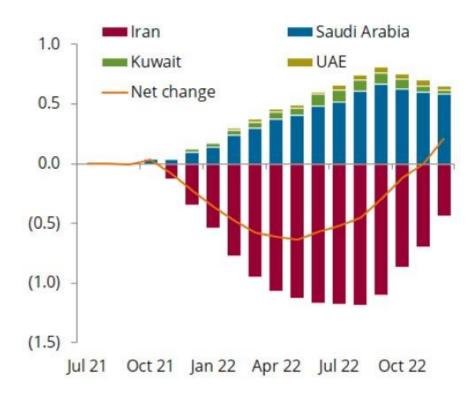


Base case in our balances now shows a post-sanctions Iranian recovery starting in H2 22. Diplomatic timeline is uncertain.

Source: Energy Aspects

Country-level adjustments to OPEC supply

mb/d

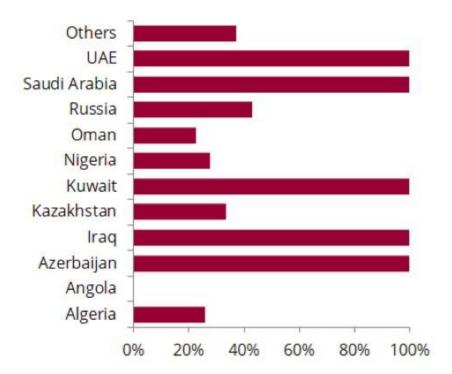


GCC producers will ramp up more quickly to partly offset this delay, but net impact still tightens 2022 balances by 0.4 mb/d.



The focus will shift to spare capacity in 2022

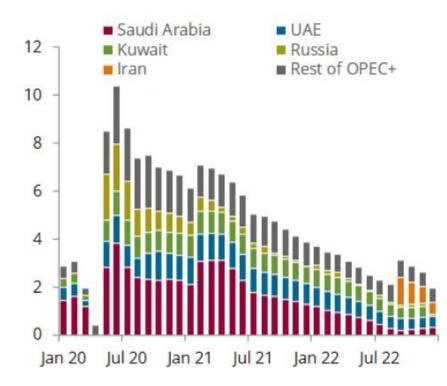
Ability to use share of 5.8 mb/d quota increase



Even with higher baselines, a growing number of members will not be able to produce at their full quotas.

Note: Production capacity offline because of sanctions, conflict and other involuntary causes excluded from spare capacity Source: Energy Aspects

Available OPEC+ spare capacity mb/d

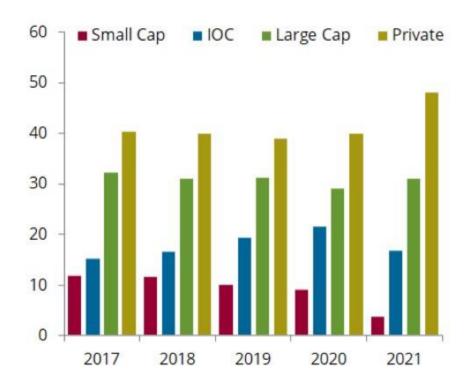


OPEC+ has enough spare capacity to add more supply in H2 21, but this buffer will become increasingly thin next year.



Capital discipline will limit US production growth

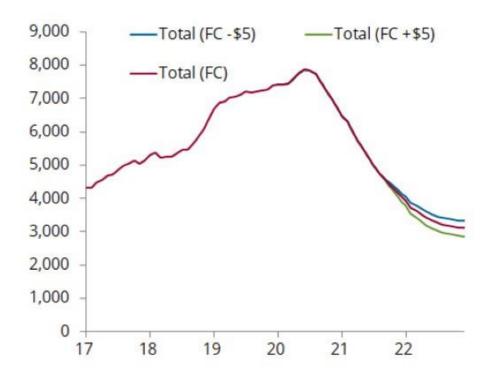
Permian completions by operator type



Large-cap completions have remained stable on a percentage basis, while privates have risen against small caps and IOCs.

Source: EIA, Enverus, Energy Aspects

US onshore DUCs and forecast

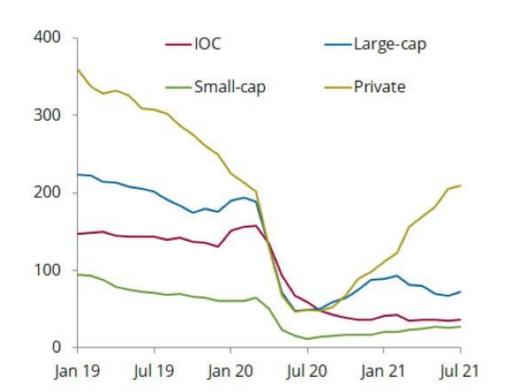


DUCs are drawing down rapidly, down to 2017 levels and rigs need to rise to sustain production in 2022.



Private operators are adding rigs fastest, while large caps are the most efficient

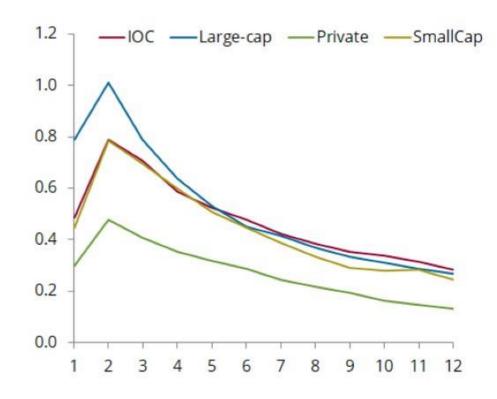
US rig count



IOCs, large caps have kept oil rigs largely flat in 2021. Private producers have been adding rigs over the same time frame.

Source: Enverus, Baker Hughes, Energy Aspects

US shale production declines by producer class b/d



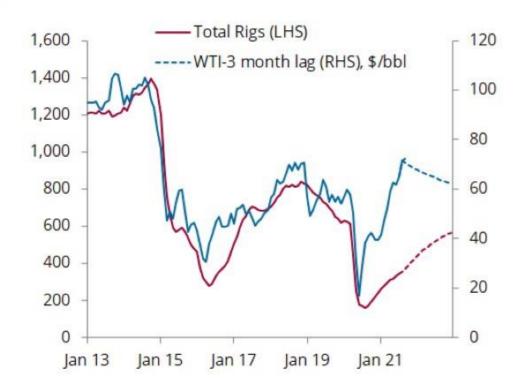
In the Permian, large caps have the most prolific wells among their peers, based on 2020 type curves.



US rig count will need to continue rising to support increased production

US rig count

#; \$/bbl



Rig counts will need to continue rising for production to grow through 2022 as DUCs draw down.

Source: Baker Hughes, Energy Aspects

US shale production decline profile mb/d



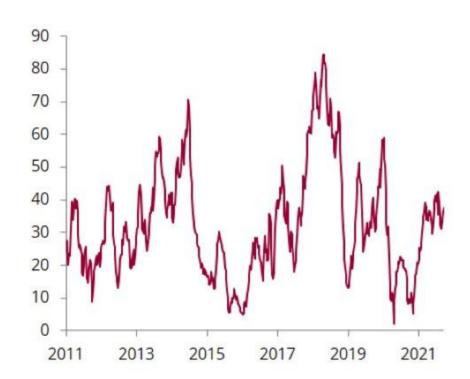
US shale production will decline at a steep rate, so producers must_run faster to stay in place during recovery periods.



There is more upside to oil prices despite the recent rally

Brent and WTI net spec length

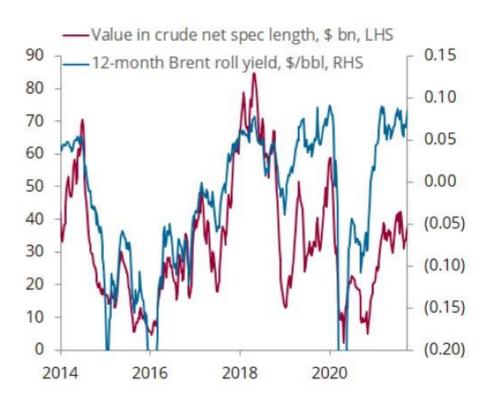
\$ billion



Speculative capital deployed in oil is still \$40bn lower than 2018, \$30bn lower than 2014 and \$20bn lower than 2019.

Source: CFTC, CIE, Energy Aspects

Net spec length and roll yield



Roll yields offer significant return for oil investors, many of whom are positioned in gas and power instead.



Crude oil price forecasts

Energy Aspects crude oil price forecasts (2020–24)

\$/bbl

		Brent	WTI	LLS	Oman	Dubai
2020	actual	43.2	39.5	41.3	43.2	42.3
1st quarter	actual	51.0	46.2	48.2	51.7	50.9
2nd quarter	actual	33.5	28.4	30.5	33.0	30.9
3rd quarter	actual	43.3	40.9	42.4	43.2	42.8
4th quarter	actual	45.2	42.7	44.1	45.0	44.7
2021	forecast	71	68	69	69	69
1st quarter	actual	61.4	58.1	60.3	60.2	60.2
2nd quarter	actual	69.0	66.0	67.9	66.9	66.8
3rd quarter	actual	73.3	70.6	71.6	71.8	71.6
4th quarter	forecast	78	75	77	75	75
2022	forecast	84	81	83	82	82
1st quarter	forecast	81	77	79	78	78
2nd quarter	forecast	83	80	82	80	80
3rd quarter	forecast	86	83	85	84	84
4th quarter	forecast	87	83	85	84	84
2023	forecast	106	104	105	102	102
2024	forecast	108	106	107	107	107

Source: Argus Media Group (actuals), Energy Aspects









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