Emerging Trends in the U.S. and Colorado Economies

Alison Felix Senior Policy Advisor Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City Denver Branch

The views expressed are those of the presenter and do not necessarily reflect the positions of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City or the Federal Reserve System.



U.S. economic growth is expected to continue at a moderate pace in 2020.

REAL U.S. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Percent Change from Previous Quarter at Seasonally Adjusted Annualized Rates



'09Q3 '10Q3 '11Q3 '12Q3 '13Q3 '14Q3 '15Q3 '16Q3 '17Q3 '18Q3 '19Q3 '20'21'22

FOMC_

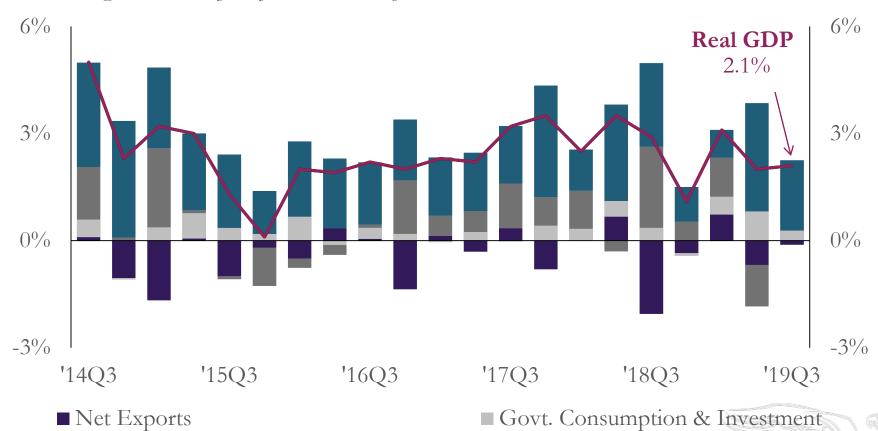
Central Tendency
Projections*

Growth in the U.S. economy continues to be driven by consumer spending.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO REAL U.S. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Percent Change at Seasonally Adjusted Annualized Rates

Gross Private Domestic Investment



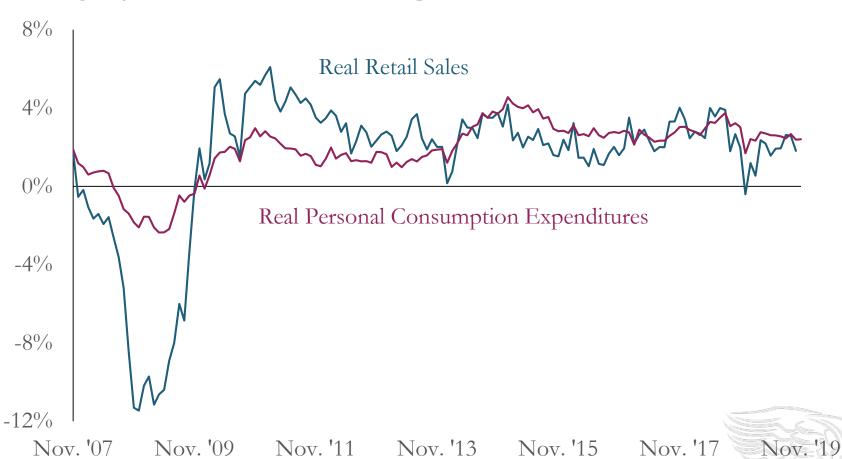
■ Personal Consumption Expenditures

Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis / Haver Analytics

Consumer spending continues to increase, and early reports suggest that holiday retail sales were solid.

REAL CONSUMPTION SPENDING

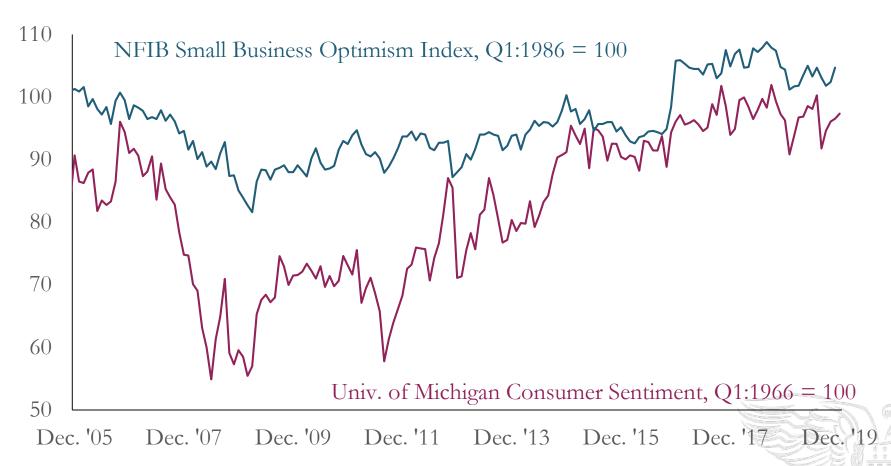
Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



Businesses and consumers remain fairly optimistic about the economy.

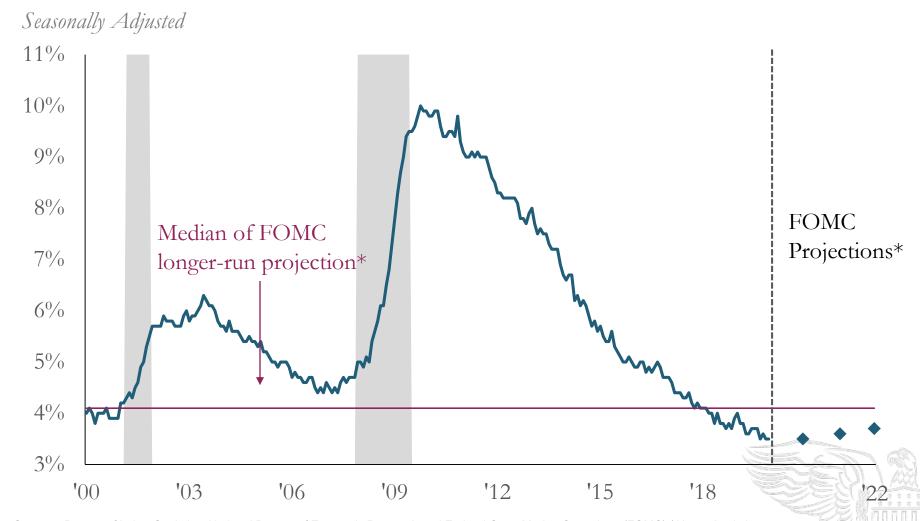
BUSINESS AND CONSUMER SENTIMENT

Seasonally Adjusted



The unemployment rate has declined steadily over the past ten years and has fallen below most estimates of its longer-run level.

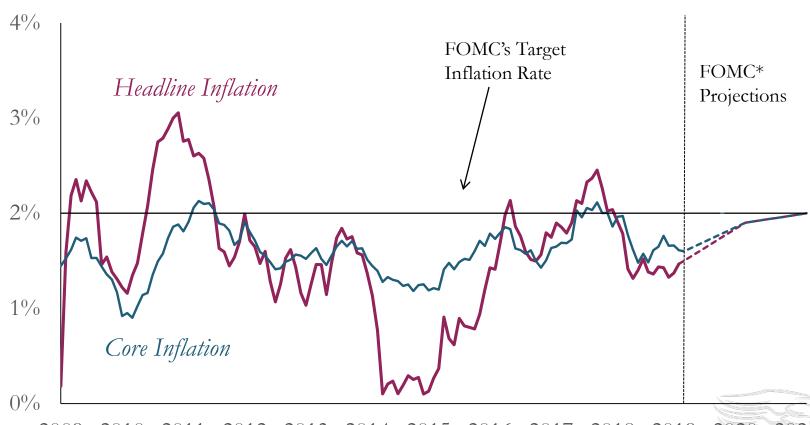
U. S. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



Inflation is expected to move toward the FOMC's two percent target over the next few years.

PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE PRICE INDEX (PCEPI)

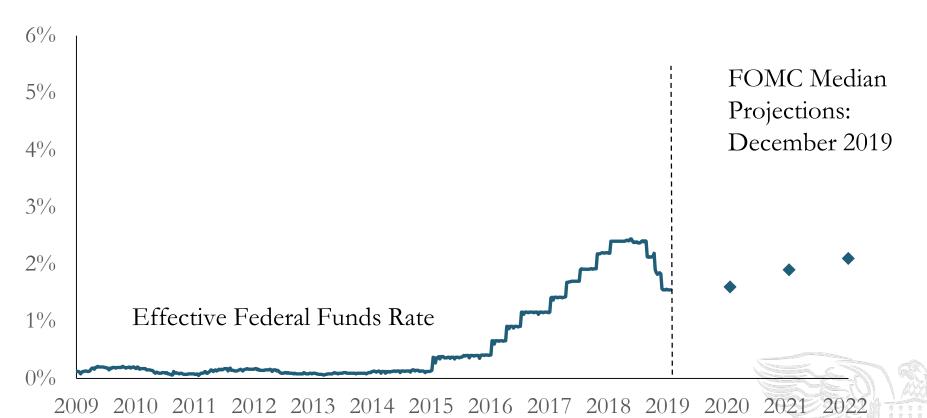
Percent Change Year-over-Year



2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

"Consistent with its statutory mandate, the Committee seeks to foster maximum employment and price stability. The Committee decided to maintain the target range for the federal funds rate at 1-1/2 to 1-3/4 percent."

- December 2019 FOMC Statement

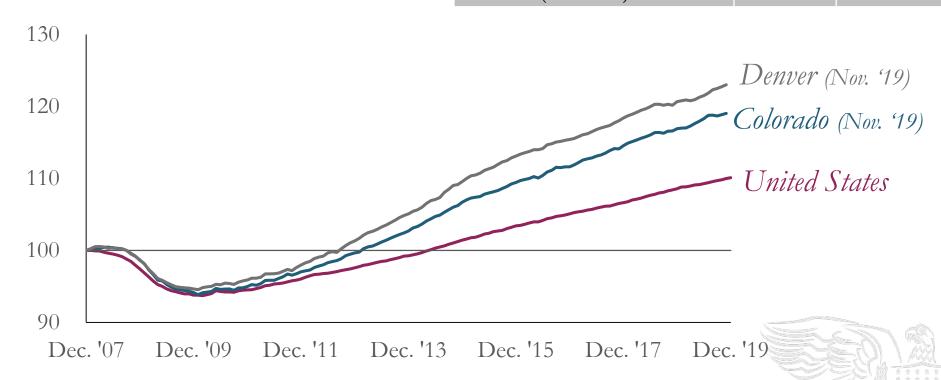


The U.S. and Colorado economies continue to add jobs at a moderate pace.

PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT GROWTH

Index 100 = December 2007, Seasonally Adjusted

Percent Change	Dec. '07 to Present	Past Year
U.S. (Dec. '19)	10.1%	1.4%
Colorado (Nov. '19)	19.0%	2.1%
Denver (Nov. '19)	23.0%	2.4%

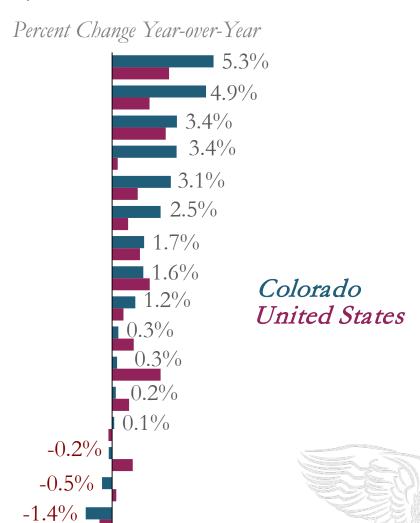


The majority of industries in Colorado have added jobs over the past year.

CHANGE IN PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT, NOVEMBER 2019

Seasonally Adjusted

Private Educational Services Professional & Business Services Health Care & Social Assistance State Government Financial Activities Local Government Other Services Construction Manufacturing Transportation & Utilities Leisure & Hospitality Federal Government Retail Trade Wholesale Trade Information Natural Resources & Mining



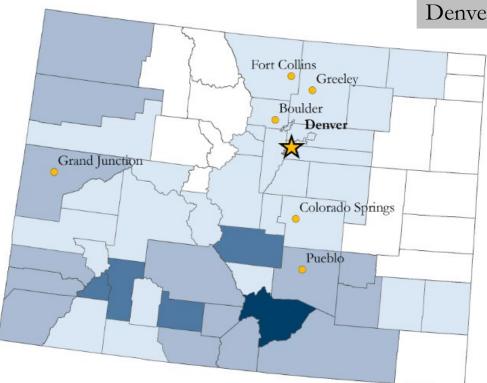
10 Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics / Haver Analytics

Unemployment rates are low across Colorado.

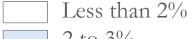
Unemployment Rates

November 2019, Seasonally Adjusted

Unemployment Rate	U-3	U-5*	U-6*
United States (Dec. '19)	3.5%	4.2%	6.7%
Colorado (Nov. '19)	2.6%	3.5%	6.4%
Denver (Nov. '19)	2.5%		



*U-5 and U-6 values are 12-month moving averages as of Q3 2019 for Colorado and are for Dec. 2019 for the United States.

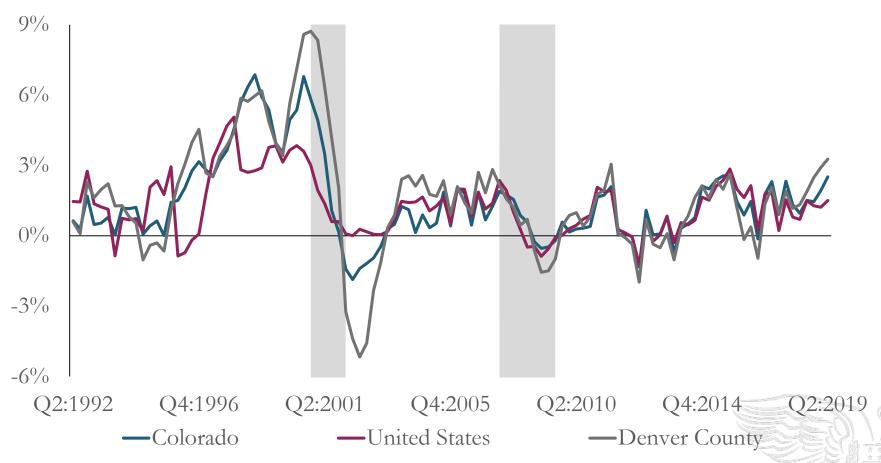




Wage growth has picked up in Colorado over the past couple of years.

REAL WAGE GROWTH

Year-over-Year Percent Change, Four-Quarter-Moving-Average

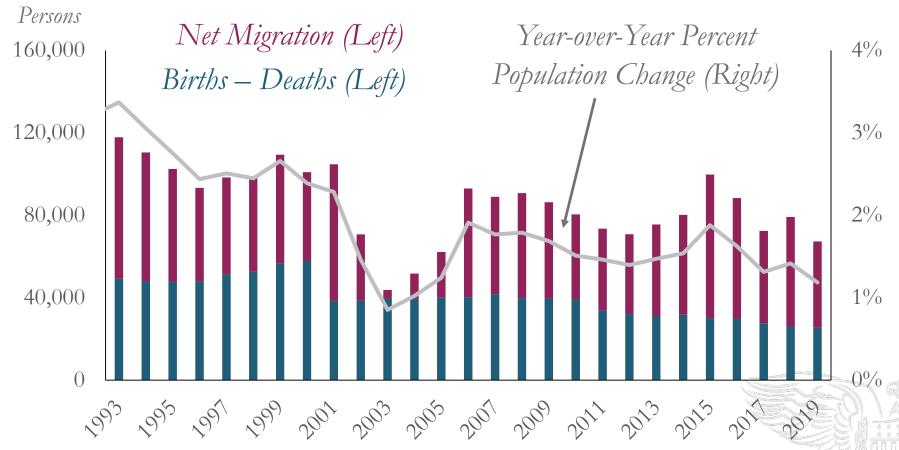


Note: Grey bars indicate recession.

Population growth has slowed in Colorado since the 1990s, but people continue to migrate into the state.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO POPULATION CHANGE IN COLORADO

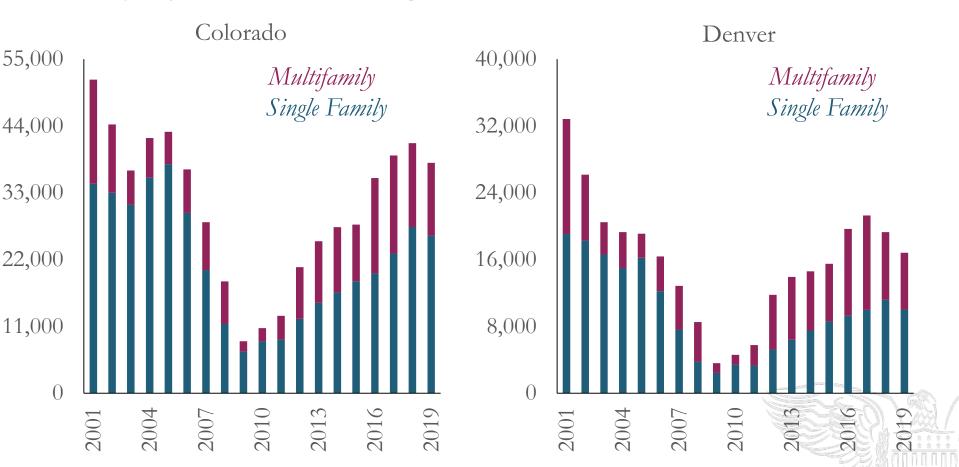
Annual



Residential construction activity has increased significantly since 2009, but permitting declined in 2019.

RESIDENTIAL PERMITS

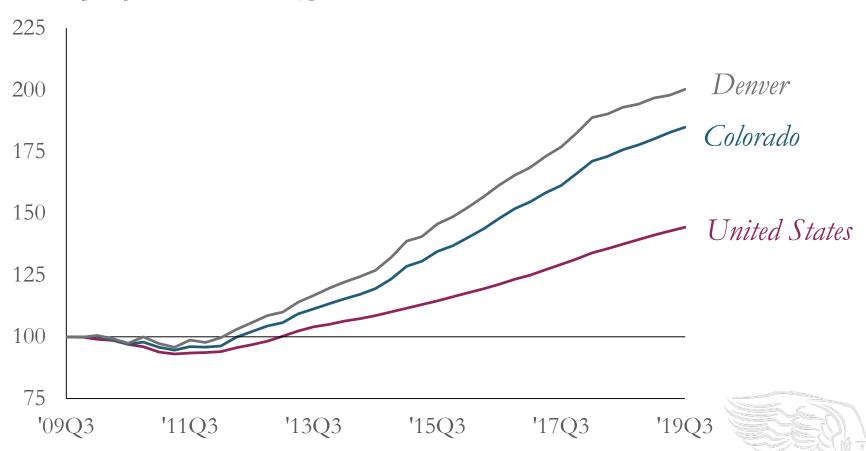
Seasonally Adjusted, Year-to-Date through November



Low inventories have led to strong home price appreciation in Colorado, although the pace of price gains has started to moderate.

HOME PRICES

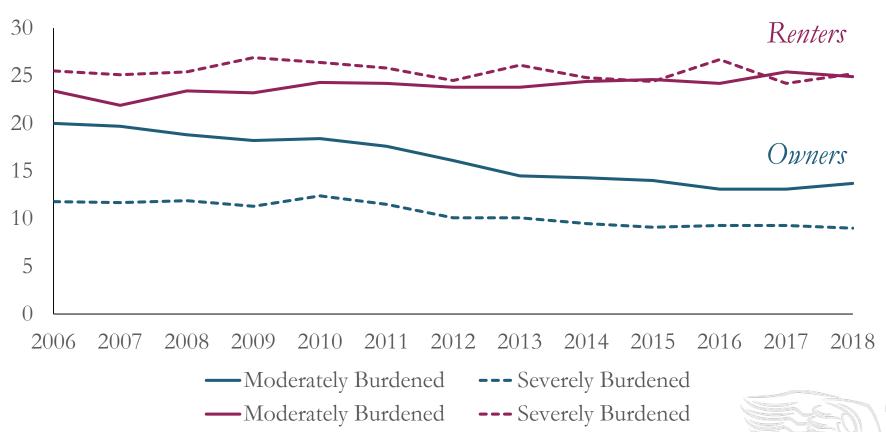
Seasonally Adjusted, Index 100 = Q3:2009



25 percent of renters and 9 percent of homeowners are severely burdened by housing costs in Colorado.

COLORADO HOUSING COST-BURDEN RATES BY HOUSEHOLD INCOME

Percent of Ownership Category



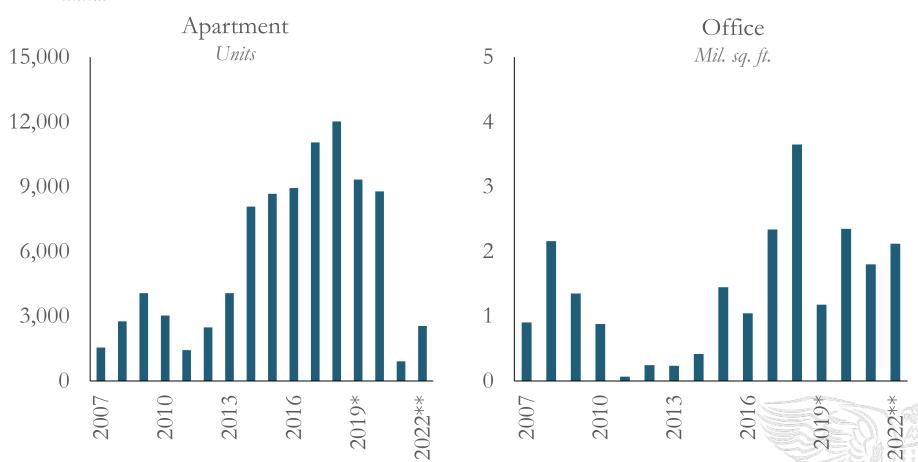
Note: Moderate burdens are defined as households with housing costs of between 30 – 50% of household income. Costs above 50% of household income are considered severely burdening

Source: IPUMS-USA and author's calculations

Commercial real estate construction is expected to remain solid in 2020.

DENVER COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE COMPLETIONS

Annual



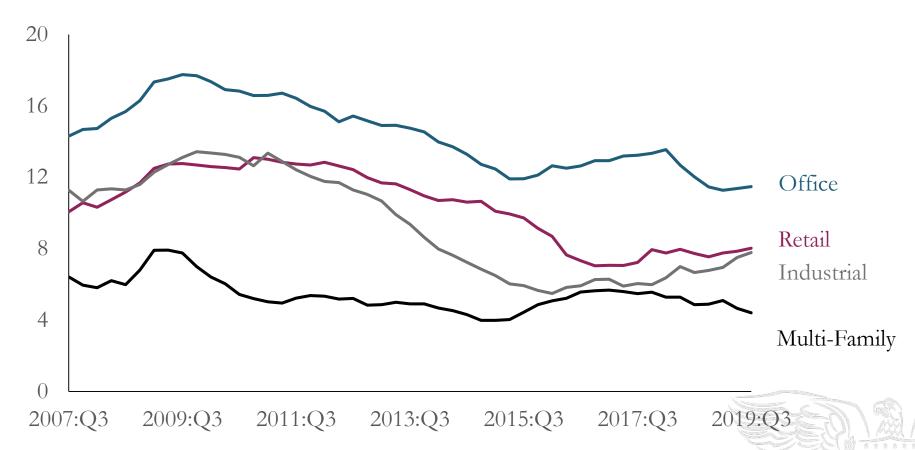
*2019 data includes forecasted values for Q4 **2020 - 2022 values are forecasted.

Source: CBRE Economic Advisors

Vacancy rates remain low across the Denver metro area.

DENVER COMMERCIAL VACANCY RATES

Percent, Seasonally Adjusted



The services sector is expanding moderately.

NON-MANUFACTURING AND SERVICES ACTIVITY

Diffusion Index, Seasonally Adjusted, Month-over-Month



Manufacturing activity has been contracting in recent months.

MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY

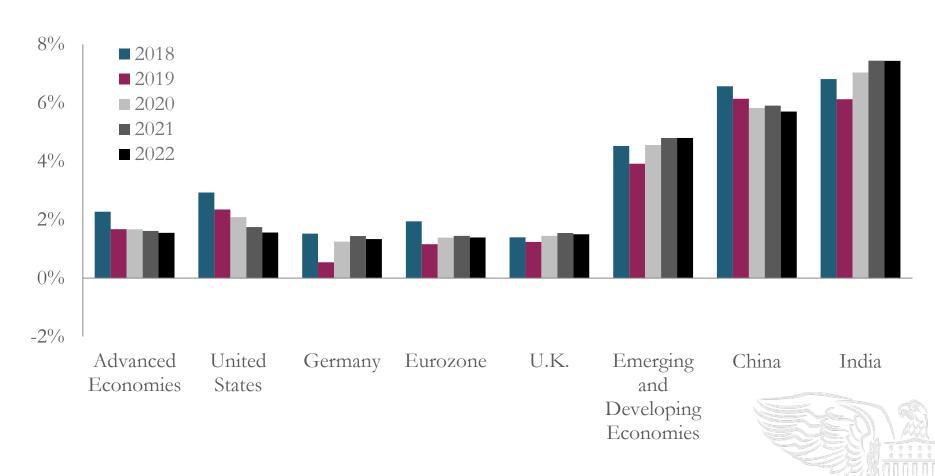
Diffusion Index, Seasonally Adjusted, Month-over-Month



Global economic growth slowed in 2019 but is expected to improve this year.

GLOBAL ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

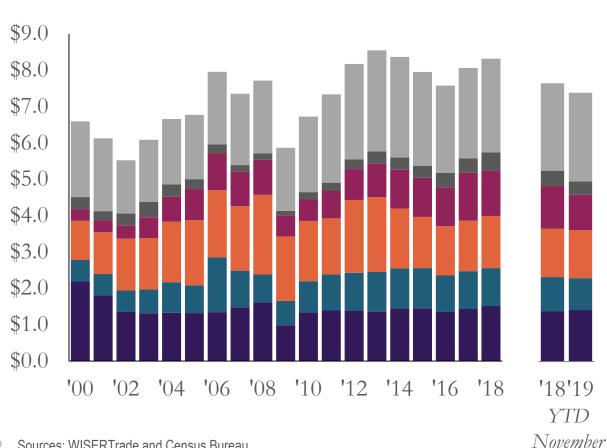
Real Gross Domestic Product, Annual Percent Change



Colorado exports decreased slightly in 2019.

COLORADO EXPORTS BY TRADING PARTNER

Billions



NOVEMBER 2019 YEAR-TO-DATE

Year-over-Year Percent Change

Total Trade	-3.4%	Share*
All Other	1.5	31.5%
Japan	-12.9	5.5
Mexico	-17.5	15.1
Canada	-0.3	17.3
China	-7.7	12.5
Eurozone	2.9	18.1

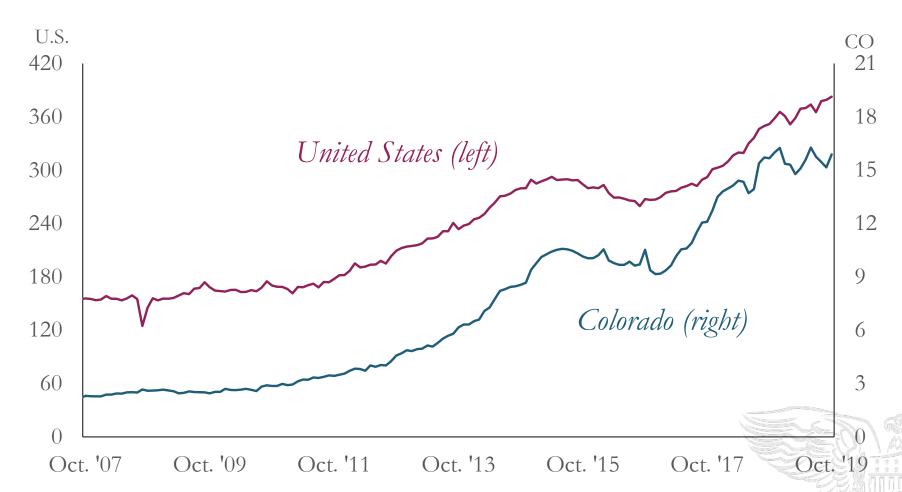
*Shares are for 2018



Energy activity has increased substantially over the past few years.

CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION

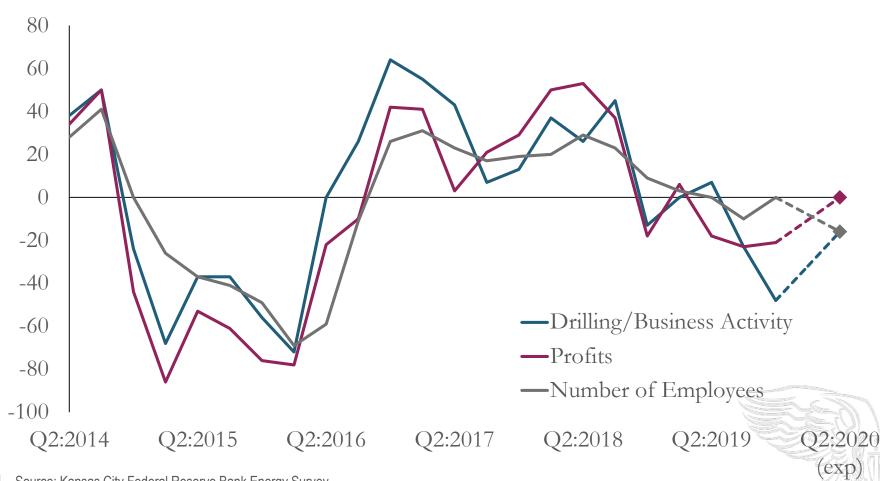
Millions of Barrels, Monthly, Seasonally Adjusted



Looking ahead, contacts expect energy activity to weaken in the months ahead.

ENERGY SURVEY ACTIVITY INDICATORS

Quarterly Diffusion Index



24 Source: Kansas City Federal Reserve Bank Energy Survey



For additional information on the regional economy:

http://www.KansasCityFed.org/Denver

