What Makes a Senator? The Life and Legacy of Robert L. Owen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compelling Question</th>
<th>How do life experiences shape decisions and attitudes about one’s beliefs?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Standards and Practices | 1.B.9-12.4 Analyze how various governmental powers, responsibilities, and limitations are enacted and have changed over time.  
2.A.9-12.1 Develop, investigate, and evaluate plausible answers to essential questions that reflect enduring understandings across time and all disciplines. |
| Staging the Question | The Teacher will begin by asking the students if they know what the Federal Reserve Bank is. Explain that the Federal Reserve is the nation’s central bank, and responsible for the U.S. economy. In that role it has three main missions: monetary policy, supervising and regulating financial institutions, and the payment system.  
Explain that however, this institution was not founded when the country was founded (there were two other central banks before the Federal Reserve Bank) and it wasn’t until 1913 that a senator from Oklahoma, named Robert L. Owen, introduced a plan for a central bank that would help prevent financial panic and lessen the effects of economic recessions in the U.S.  
Use the link (https://www.okhistory.org/kids/fr1.php) and have the students answer the following question after reading the webpage and viewing the photograph:  
What types of events (economic or otherwise) might have influenced Robert L. Owen to create legislation that would protect the US economy and what sorts of skills would he need to be successful?  
Then, use this link to introduce Robert L. Owen as the central theme of the lesson and give a brief overview of his life, mentioning his history in the Oklahoma territory and eventual rise to the legislative branch as a senator.  
https://www.okhistory.org/historycenter/federalreserve/owenbio.html |
Supporting Question 1

What political and economic events in his life influenced Robert L. Owen through his time in the Oklahoma Territory?

Formative Performance Task

Students will gain knowledge on Robert L. Owen’s career as the editor of The Daily Chieftain and the contents of the newspaper.

The teacher will review the primary sources with the class to give the students historical and geographic context to the Oklahoma territory during this time period.

Students will then have time to study a primary source of the Daily Chieftain, taking notes about its contents as they read.

Students will then compare The Daily Chieftain to a modern newspaper of the teacher’s choosing to ask and illustrate contemporary questions about the influence of political topics on the media.

Students will discuss whether they believe that media has become more or less influenced by politics over time and what factors they believe have contributed to that.

Have students’ team up in pairs to debate, or form teams of their own, to take either side of the argument and implement your choice of discussion protocols to ensure that the topic is handled appropriately.

Featured Sources

P. Portrait of Robert Owen, W.P. Campbell Photograph Collection, 1907
https://gateway.okhistory.org/ark:/67531/metadc962709/?q=robert%20Owen

P. Map of major trails used by settlers moving west, 1840-1880
https://www.nationalgeographic.org/photo/trails-west/

P. Guthrie, Oklahoma Territory 1889, The Robert E. Cunningham Photograph Collection
https://nationalcowboymuseum.org/explore/robert-e-cunningham-oklahoma-photographer/

P. Map of Indian territory, 1850

P. The Indian Chieftain. (Vinita, Indian Terr.), Vol. 11, No. 45, Ed. 1, Thursday, July 13, 1893
https://gateway.okhistory.org/ark:/67531/metadc71289/?q=Vinita%201893

P. A Wreath of Cherokee Rose Buds. (Female Seminary, Cherokee Nation), Vol. 2, No. 1, Ed. 1 Wednesday, August 1, 1855
https://gateway.okhistory.org/ark:/67531/metadc99291/
Supporting Question 2

What unique experiences did Robert L. Owen have as a lawyer in the Cherokee Nation that prepared him for his eventual career as a senator?

Formative Performance Task

Students will understand the landscape of the Oklahoma Territory and the Cherokee Nation during the time that Robert Owen began his many careers before becoming a senator of the state.

The teacher will have students brainstorm what they know about being a lawyer and the responsibilities they associate with being a lawyer.

Then, the teacher will display the two primary source photographs that depict courtrooms in Oklahoma during the late 1800s.

Students will then read the secondary source passage on Robert L. Owen’s career as a lawyer (have students begin at the third paragraph of page 27 and continue up to the middle of page 29 with the paragraph about Owen gaining the respect of Isaac Parker) and debate the more ‘rough and tumble’ aspects of Robert L. Owen’s career as a lawyer and how this might have made him a bit more ready for the (much less physical) fights on the senate floor of the U.S. Government.

Questions to help guide the debate could include, but are not limited to:

Do Robert L. Owen’s experiences as a lawyer match up to their initial thoughts on what a lawyer’s responsibilities are?

Given this passage on Owen’s career as a lawyer, do you believe these types of incidents made him more effective as a lawyer or discouraged him?

What can this story and the primary resources tell us about what the Oklahoma territory was like when Owen was running his law practice there?

Featured Sources

P. ”Court of Appeals, McAlester, Indian Territory.”, Unknown, https://gateway.okhistory.org/ark:/67531/metadc1473176/

P. “Photograph of the trial of accused prisoners for burning Seminole Indians inside the Federal Court Room of Judge John R. Thomas, Muskogee, Indian Territory”, Unknown, 1899. https://gateway.okhistory.org/ark:/67531/metadc1590773

Supporting Question 3

As he advanced his career as a politician, how did Robert L. Owen’s political beliefs both align and differ from the attitudes of the time?

Formative Performance Task

The Teacher will then explain to students that at the time, Robert L. Owen was seen by many as a progressive politician.

Explain that beginning in the 1870s and continuing through the 1920s, the ‘progressives’ were known as politicians who wanted to change the more traditional aspects of American life. Many progressive politicians were in favor of policies such as taking the United States money off of its dependence on gold (otherwise known as the gold standard), and the establishment of more governmental agencies that would help provide oversight over the growing U.S. Explain that while Robert L. Owen did not agree with every policy that was considered a ‘progressive’ policy, his thoughts on money and notably a central bank to help regulate the flow of money were similar to those held by notable progressive politicians of his era.

Students will then engage with the featured primary sources (a collection of pro-gold standard political cartoons) and read the section of a biography on Owen in order to determine how Owen both fit in with and differed from other politicians of his day.

After having students engage with the primary sources and reading the Secondary source dissertation with the class (read from the third paragraph on page 106 on his thriving law practice to the comment about his ‘confession of weakness’ on the top of page 110). Have students use a Venn Diagram chart or make their own to compare Robert Owen’s beliefs on things like free silver and bank regulation with the positions of other progressive politicians listed in the secondary source. Once students are finished and if there is time left, read the secondary source about Robert Owen and the beginnings of the Federal Reserve (read the section entitled ‘Owen’s Push for the Third Central Bank’ on the bottom of page 99).

Featured Sources


# Summative Performance Task

## Argument

Students will work together in groups to determine two to three of the events depicted within the lesson that they believed had an influence on Robert Owen’s beliefs and attitudes.

Students will use resources previously discussed in class to inform their answer to the central compelling question. Answers should be in the form of full sentences, but not exceed more than 2-3 paragraphs.

## Extension

Students will conduct research to determine how the Federal Reserve Act was written and what economic events it was created to help deter.

Topics discussed will range from monetary panic to central banking. Use the video “The Fed Explained: The Central Bank” in order to introduce these concepts: [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8Hq5zw4YaZQ](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8Hq5zw4YaZQ).

## Taking Informed Action

Students will research the structure of the Federal Reserve Act and how it is used to help prevent future money panics and economic crises and create a one-minute Public Service Announcement on how the Fed handles an economic crisis or monetary panic.

Students may use resources from the lesson or consult the Atlanta Fed’s video series “the Fed Explained” at [https://www.frbatlanta.org/about/fed-explained?panel=1](https://www.frbatlanta.org/about/fed-explained?panel=1) to gain more background knowledge on the Bank’s functions as it relates to preventing economic distress.

Have students share their PSA’s during the next class period.
Rubric for Summative Assessment

Did student answer the question with a clearly stated thesis?

Complex
Yes
No
Embedded but not clearly stated

Thesis Section
Points Possible
Points Awarded

Did student provide at least three major points that support the thesis?

Insightful
Yes
No
Incomplete

Main Points Section
Points Possible
Points Awarded

Did student include at least three specific pieces of historical information as evidence to support the major points?

Comprehensive
Yes
No
Incomplete

Evidence Section
Points Possible
Points Awarded

Did student explain how the historical information demonstrated the major points?

Complex
Yes
No
Partial Analysis

Analysis Section
Points Possible
Points Awarded

Did the student show care in the creation of this assignment, minimizing errors and working to make a strong, positive impression of scholarship?

Excellent
Yes
No
Partial

Professionalism Section
Points Possible
Points Awarded