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Tenth District Energy Activity Declined Further Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City Releases Second Quarter Energy Survey

KANSAS CITY, Mo. – The Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City released the second quarter Energy Survey today. According to Chad Wilkerson, senior vice president at the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, the survey revealed that Tenth District energy activity declined further and is expected to continue to slow.

"District drilling and business activity continued to decline in Q2 as commodity prices remain weak and profits decline further," said Wilkerson. "Meanwhile, employment activity picked up and is expected to remain expansionary."

The Kansas City Fed's quarterly Tenth District Energy Survey provides information on current and expected activity among energy firms in the Tenth District. The survey monitors oil and gas-related firms located and/or headquartered in the Tenth District, with results based on total firm activity. Survey results reveal changes in several indicators of energy activity, including drilling, capital spending, and employment. Firms also indicate projections for oil and gas prices. All results are diffusion indexes – the percentage of firms indicating increases minus the percentage of firms indicating decreases.

A summary of the survey is attached. Results from past surveys and release dates for future surveys can be found at <u>https://www.kansascityfed.org/surveys/energy-survey</u>.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City serves the Tenth Federal Reserve District, encompassing the western third of Missouri; all of Kansas, Colorado, Nebraska, Oklahoma and Wyoming; and the northern half of New Mexico. As part of the nation's central bank, the Bank participates in setting national monetary policy, supervising and regulating numerous commercial banks and bank holding companies, and providing financial services to depository institutions. More information is available online at <u>www.kansascityfed.org.</u>

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TENTH DISTRICT ENERGY SUMMARY

Second quarter energy survey results revealed that Tenth District energy activity declined further and is expected to continue to slow. Firms reported that oil prices needed to be on average \$63 per barrel for drilling to be profitable, and \$86 per barrel for a substantial increase in drilling to occur. Similarly, natural gas prices needed to be \$3.49 per million Btu for drilling to be profitable on average, and \$4.67 per million Btu for drilling to increase substantially.

Summary of Quarterly Indicators

Tenth District energy activity continued to decline in the second quarter of 2023, as indicated by firms contacted between June 15th, 2023, and June 30th, 2023 (Tables 1 & 2). The drilling and business activity index decreased from -13 to -19 (Chart 1). The number of employees and employee hours indexes increased, as well as access to credit, while all other indexes decreased from previous readings. Wages and benefits cooled but remained expansionary.

All year-over-year indexes decreased, except the number of employees which increased moderately and access to credit which remained steady. Drilling/business activity, supplier delivery time, and total profits crossed into negative territory on a year-over-year basis, while the total revenues index declined further from -10 to -48. The number of employees and employee hours indexes remained positive.

Expectations for future activity decreased again in Q2 2023. The future drilling/business activity index fell from -13 to -22, while firms expect declines in revenues and profits to moderate in six months. Accordingly, price expectations for oil and gas picked up in the second quarter.

Summary of Special Questions

Firms were asked what oil and natural gas prices were needed on average for drilling to be profitable across the fields in which they are active. The average oil price needed was \$63 per barrel, while the average natural gas price needed was \$3.49 per million Btu (Chart 2). Firms were also asked what prices were needed for a substantial increase in drilling to occur across the fields in which they are active. The average oil price needed was \$86 per barrel, and the average natural gas price needed was \$4.67 per million Btu, (Chart 3).

Firms reported what they expected oil and natural gas prices to be in six months, one year, two years, and five years. The average expected WTI prices were \$75, \$79, \$83, and \$88 per barrel, respectively. The average expected Henry Hub natural gas prices were \$3.00, \$3.33, \$3.71, and \$3.98 per million Btu, respectively.

Contacts were also asked how tighter credit conditions since February 2023 have affected their firms and will affect their business plans in the future (Chart 4). 66% of firms reported that the tighter conditions have had no negative impact, 28% reported they have had a slight impact, and 6% reported a significant impact. Additionally, 52% of firms reported that tighter credit conditions will have no negative impact on their business plans, while 36% reported they will have a slight impact and 12% said they would have a significant impact.

District energy firms were also asked how global consumption has compared so far this year with their expectations before China announced its reopening in December 2022 (Chart 5). While no contacts reported that global oil consumption has significantly overperformed expectations, 7% said it slightly overperformed expectations, 33% reported it met expectations, 53% reported it slightly overperformed, and 7% reported significant underperformance.

Selected Energy Comments

"Current low inventory levels leading to strength in 6-month time frame, demand slowing and longer term supply increasing over the 2-5 year time frame."

"Gas seen as longer-term pillar in energy transition. Still lots of known supply available."

"I expected higher demand coming from the China re-opening. Currently it does not look like that demand is there."

"Our company could do more and would do more if we could find quality people. The traders have believed the recession talk and have hurt commodity prices. The fundamentals still show energy use increasing. Oil and gas are a big part of filling that need."

"Our experience is that AI will augment personnel, not replace. Perhaps in a time frame longer than five years you might have some moderate replacement of personnel."

Table 1Summary of Tenth District Energy Conditions, Quarter 2, 2023

	Quarter 2 vs. Quarter 1 (percent)*				(-	vs. Year Age cent)*	C	Expect			
		No		Diff		No		Diff		No		Diff
Energy Company Indicators	Increase	Change	Decrease	Index^	Increase	Change	Decrease	Index^	Increase	Change	Decrease	Index^
Drilling/Business Activity	13	56	31	-19	22	41	38	-16	9	59	31	-22
Total Revenues	9	39	52	-42	15	21	64	-48	27	48	24	3
Capital Expenditures					36	27	36	0	18	55	27	-9
Supplier Delivery Time	0	79	21	-21	6	42	52	-45	0	58	42	-42
Total Profits	12	36	52	-39	15	21	64	-48	27	42	30	-3
Number of Employees	36	55	9	27	52	36	12	39	24	64	12	12
Employee Hours	24	70	6	18	30	61	9	21	12	79	9	3
Wages and Benefits	33	61	6	27	67	24	9	58	33	58	9	24
Access to Credit	15	73	12	3	21	64	15	6	15	73	12	3
Expected Oil Prices									52	39	10	42
Expected Natural Gas Prices									59	34	6	53
Expected Natural Gas Liquids Price	es								44	44	13	31

*Percentage may not add to 100 due to rounding.

^Diffusion Index. The diffusion index is calculated as the percentage of total respondents reporting increases minus the percentage reporting declines.

Note: The first quarter survey ran from June 15, 2023 to June 30, 2023 and included 33 responses from firms in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Wyoming, northern New Mexico, and western Missouri.



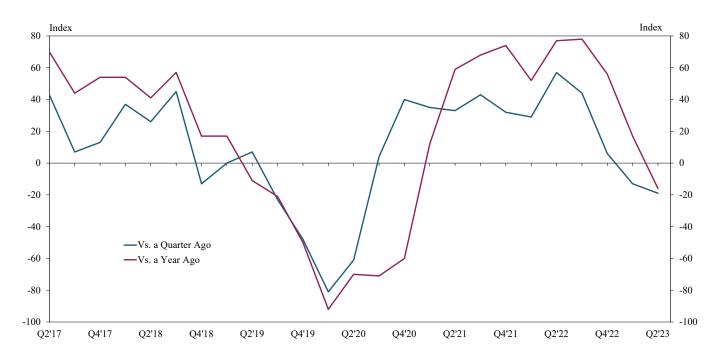


Table 2Historical Energy Survey Indexes

	Q2'20	Q3'20	Q4'20	Q1'21	Q2'21	Q3'21	Q4'21	Q1'22	Q2'22	Q3'22	Q4'22	Q1'23	Q2'23
Versus a Quarter Ago													
(not seasonally adjusted)													
Drilling/Business Activity	-61	4	40	35	33	43	32	29	57	44	6	-13	-19
Total Revenues	-78	-7	31	44	82	82	63	38	87	25	-8	-42	-42
Capital Expenditures	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Supplier Delivery Time	-13	-21	0	5	-3	-3	6	-9	10	-3	-11	-3	-21
Total Profits	-88	-24	14	36	70	69	34	44	68	29	-17	-26	-39
Number of Employees	-56	-39	-14	12	25	26	34	39	42	47	38	6	27
Employee Hours	-55	-38	3	17	42	38	28	41	39	37	41	6	18
Wages and Benefits	-38	-17	9	21	39	33	53	56	58	61	59	42	27
Access to Credit	-31	-28	-6	5	9	16	10	25	16	6	6	0	3
Versus a Year Ago													
Drilling/Business Activity	-70	-71	-60	12	59	68	74	52	77	78	56	17	-16
Total Revenues	-74	-79	-77	20	88	92	88	72	90	87	67	-10	-48
Capital Expenditures	-69	-66	-57	14	30	54	59	63	71	71	65	26	0
Supplier Delivery Time	-26	-10	-9	7	3	8	9	-3	23	6	-5	10	-45
Total Profits	-84	-83	-69	5	91	82	84	75	81	84	61	3	-48
Number of Employees	-61	-59	-60	-17	12	31	32	66	55	61	56	26	39
Employee Hours	-53	-62	-46	-7	30	45	29	63	55	50	57	26	21
Wages and Benefits	-16	-24	-32	0	45	56	77	84	77	87	89	77	58
Access to Credit	-35	-28	-46	-12	24	29	23	38	19	27	3	6	6
Expected in Six Months													
(not seasonally adjusted)													
Drilling/Business Activity	0	0	26	41	41	45	45	42	50	25	19	-13	-22
Total Revenues	-16	-7	51	54	76	58	+3 50	53	55	23	19	-15	-22
Capital Expenditures	-35	-14	9	36	33	31	53	63	52	52	49	-20	-9
Supplier Delivery Time	-19	-14	-3	10	18	8	9	9	16	-10	-19	-23	-42
Total Profits	-19	-3	-5 51	37	79	59	44	38	35	-10	-19	-23	-42
Number of Employees	-26	-38	-9	24	30	31	42	47	42	42	38	-23	-3
Employee Hours	-33	-31	-3	36	27	26	23	41	32	27	30	13	3
Wages and Benefits	-19	-28	-3	36	36	20 46	23 71	72	63	65	70	45	24
Access to Credit	-19	-28	6	30 7	12	13	6	19	6	7	3	43 -6	24
Expected Oil Prices	-13	28	51	24	55	33	34	-16	-6	20	62	29	42
Expected On Thees Expected Natural Gas Prices	38	28 34	37	31	59	31	3	-10	-0	-10	-3	14	53
Expected Natural Gas Liquids Prices	45	31	40	36	63	34	13	19	0	21	-3	20	31
Expected Natural Gas Elquids Thees	45	51	40	50	05	54	15	19	0	21	22	20	51
Special Price Questions													
(averages)													
Profitable WTI Oil Price (per barrel)		\$49		\$53		\$57		\$62	\$65	\$61	\$64	\$64	\$63
WTI Price to Substantially Increase Drilling	\$51		\$56		\$72		\$73	\$86	\$98	\$102	\$89	\$86	\$86
WTI Price Expected in 6 Months	\$41	\$43	\$48	\$62	\$74	\$73	\$75	\$96	\$109	\$88	\$83	\$75	\$75
WTI Price Expected in 1 Year	\$47	\$47	\$52	\$65	\$76	\$75	\$78	\$89	\$102	\$89	\$86	\$81	\$79
WTI Price Expected in 2 Years	\$53	\$53	\$56	\$67	\$76	\$75	\$78	\$83	\$88	\$90	\$88	\$86	\$83
WTI Price Expected in 5 Years	\$60	\$60	\$61	\$70	\$78	\$76	\$80	\$84	\$86	\$93	\$88	\$90	\$88
Profitable Natural Gas Price (per million BTU)		\$3.12		\$2.94		\$3.88		\$3.72	\$4.64	\$4.42	\$4.32	\$3.45	\$3.49
Natural Gas Price to Substantially Increase Drilling	\$2.88		\$3.28		\$3.82		\$4.27	\$4.53	\$6.34	\$7.65	\$6.13	\$4.74	\$4.67
Henry Hub Price Expected in 6 Months	\$2.17	\$2.62	\$2.68	\$2.72	\$3.19	\$4.72	\$3.66	\$4.45	\$7.06	\$7.46	\$5.01	\$2.82	\$3.00
Henry Hub Price Expected in 1 Year	\$2.41	\$2.71	\$2.88	\$2.94	\$3.21	\$4.22	\$3.92	\$4.32	\$6.65	\$6.48	\$5.52	\$3.33	\$3.33
Henry Hub Price Expected in 2 Years	\$2.64		\$3.03	\$3.14	\$3.34	\$4.31	\$3.97	\$4.29	\$6.06	\$6.16	\$5.78	\$4.04	\$3.71
Henry Hub Price Expected in 5 Years	\$ 3.02	\$3.28	\$3.23	\$3.50	\$3.71	\$4.79	\$4.29	\$4.74	\$5.77	\$6.51	\$6.19	\$4.51	\$3.98

Chart 2. Special Question - What price is currently needed for a drilling to be profitable and for a substantial increase in drilling to occur for oil? What do you expect WTI prices to be in six months, one year, two years, and five years?

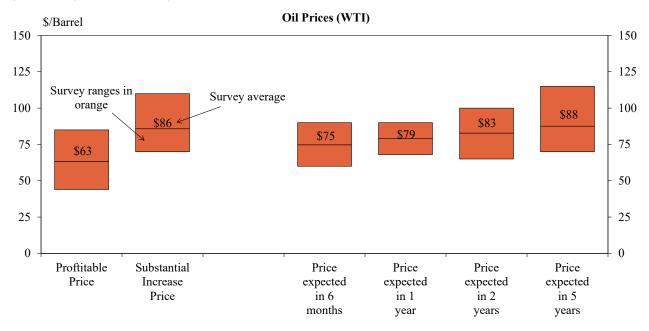
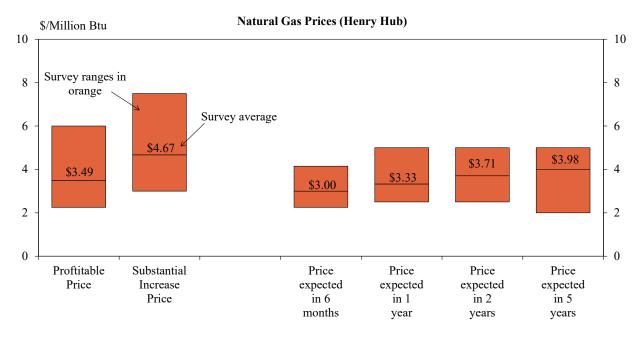


Chart 3. Special Question - What price is currently needed for a drilling to be profitable and for a substantial increase in drilling to occur for natural gas? What do you expect Henry Hub prices to be in six months, one year, two years, and five years?



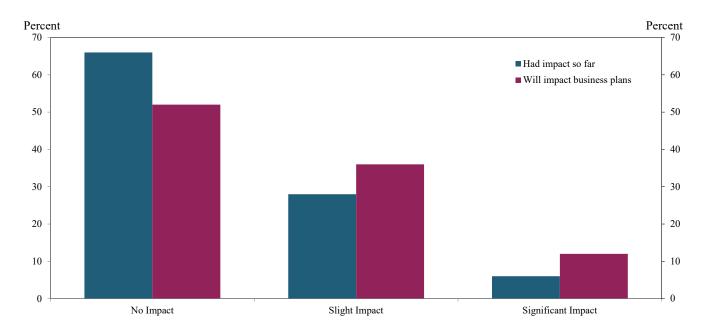


Chart 4. Special Question - How have/will tighter credit conditions since February 2023 had/have an impact on your firm and business plans?

Chart 5. Special Question - How has global oil consumption so far this year compared with what you expected before China announced its reopening in December 2022?

